# PAINTSVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION, AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS For the year ended June 30, 2024 WELLS & COMPANY, P.S.C. Certified Public Accountants 865 South Mayo Trail Paintsville, Kentucky 41240-1215 (606) 789-3588 Fax (606) 789-3326

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Members of the Board of Education Paintsville Independent School District Paintsville, Kentucky

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Paintsville Independent School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Paintsville Independent School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Paintsville Independent School District, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for school district audits in the Independent Auditor's Contract. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Paintsville Independent School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Paintsville Independent School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government* 

Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
  are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
  effectiveness of the Paintsville Independent School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion
  is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Paintsville Independent School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, on pages 4-7, budgetary comparison information on pages 54-55, and CERS and KTRS schedules and notes on pages 56-67 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Paintsville Independent School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, the school activity funds, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, school activity funds, and the schedule

of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 14, 2024, on our consideration of the Paintsville Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Paintsville Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Paintsville Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

**Certified Public Accountants** 

wells & Company. PSC

Paintsville, Kentucky

October 14, 2024

## PAINTSVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT – PAINTSVILLE, KY MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

As management of the Paintsville Independent School District (District), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information found within the body of the audit.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The ending cash balance for the District was \$3,309,808 in 2023 and \$5,892,722 in 2024. This is an increase of \$2,582,914. Much of this difference can be explained by the increase in bond revenue.
- From 2024 to 2023, total General Fund revenue decreased by 1.1%. Revenue from property taxes decreased 1.35%, the state decreased by 2.66%, and interest on invested funds increased by 780.21%.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$8.91 million in revenue, which primarily consisted of local property, utilities, and motor vehicle taxes, federal programs and state funding. There were \$8.39 million in expenditures.
- A concerted effort was focused on purchasing in the areas of supplies, food, and travel resulting in several economies due to changed management strategies.
- Bonds are issued as the District renovates facilities consistent with a long-range facilities plan that is
  established with community input and in keeping with Kentucky Department of Education's (KDE)
  stringent compliance regulations. The District paid \$618,435 in principal payments during the current
  fiscal year and issued series 2023 bonds to finance the HVAC Project for \$2,700,000.
- State law requires districts to update a priority list of construction and renovation needs, called a local facilities plan, every four years. The document guides the allocation of School Facilities Construction Commission dollars. The District is in the process of updating its local facilities plan. Now, there is a focus on investing in plant management with the age and size of our facilities.

#### **OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

**Government-wide financial statements.** The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, student transportation and operation of non-instructional services. Fixed assets and related debt are also supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 8 through 9 of this report.

**Fund financial statements.** A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. This is a state mandated uniform system and chart of accounts for all Kentucky public school districts utilizing the MUNIS administrative software. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: Governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are trust funds established by benefactors to aid in student education, welfare, and teacher support. The Proprietary Fund includes the food service and vending operation. All other activities of the District are included in the governmental funds.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 10 through 16 of this report.

**Notes to the financial statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 17 through 53 of this report.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

The largest portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land and improvements, buildings and improvements, vehicles, furniture and equipment and general fixed assets), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to its students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

The District's financial position is the product of several financial transactions including the net results of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets, and the depreciation of capital assets.

#### Net Position for the period ending June 30, 2024 and 2023

This is the twenty-second year that the District is following GASB 34 and comparing assets, liabilities and net position. 2024 Government Wide Net Position compared to 2023 are as follows:

	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
Current Assets Noncurrent Assets Total assets	\$ 6,335,248 19,800,019 26,135,267	\$ 5,555,234 18,088,738 23,643,972
Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>1,972,182</u>	<u>2,464,660</u>
Current Liabilities Noncurrent Liabilities Total liabilities	4,179,506 13,503,529 17,683,035	3,570,378 13,064,121 16,634,499
Deferred inflows of Resources	<u>2,500,635</u>	1,774,177
Net Position Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Fund Balance Total net position	9,310,465 1,093,204 <u>(2,479,890)</u> <u>\$ 7,923.779</u>	9,647,953 1,051,051 (2,844,026) \$_7,699,956

There has been no significant change in the financial position of the District since the last audit.

The following table presents a fund accounting comparison and summary of revenue and expense for government funds only for the fiscal years 2024 and 2023.

	<u>2024</u>	2023
Revenues:		
Local revenue sources	\$ 3,418,453	\$ 3,568,378
State revenue sources	6,964,849	7,154,655
Federal sources	1,671,819	1,641,628
Investments	<u>378 753</u>	<u>48 545</u>
Total revenues	12,433,874	12,413,206
Expenditures:		
Instruction	6.970.912	7,417,965
Student support services	390,718	504,815
Instructional staff support	510,794	466,005
District administration	647,334	602,005
School administration	486,467	455,392
Business support	293,636	302,710
Plant operations and maintenance	1,099,106	1,259,726
Student transportation	189,290	313,042
Central office support	-	-
Facilities acquisition and construction	2,877,055	712,742
Community services activities	73,443	102,136
Other	<u>1,147,396</u>	<u>1,022,927</u>
Total expenses	<u>14,686,151</u>	<u> 13,159,465</u>
Excess (deficit) of revenue over expenditures	(2,252,277)	(746,259)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):		
Transfers	(56,000)	_
Proceeds from the sale of fixed assets	, ,	_
Bond sale proceeds	2,652,748	1,095,129
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,596,748	1,095,129
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ 344,471</u>	<u>\$348,870</u>

#### **CAPITAL ASSETS**

At the end of fiscal 2024, the District had \$19.80 million invested in capital assets, including land, construction work in progress, buildings, buses, computers and other equipment. This amount represents a net increase (including additions and deductions) of \$1.72 million over last year.

### Capital Assets at Year-End (Net of Depreciation, in Millions)

		Governmental Activities		ss-type vities	Totals				
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023			
Land	\$ 3.90	\$ 3.90	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3.90	\$ 3.90			
Construction work in progress	2.65	2.72	-	-	2.65	2.72			
Buildings & Improvements	11.70	10.70	-	-	11.70	10.70			
Technology Equipment	.20	.21	-	-	.20	.21			
Vehicles	.16	.19	-	-	.16	.19			
General Equipment	<u>1.15</u>	32	04	04	1.19	36			
Totals	<u>\$ 19.76</u>	<u>\$ 18.04</u>	<u>\$ 04</u>	<u>\$ .04</u>	<u>\$ 19.80</u>	<u>\$ 18.08</u>			

On-behalf amounts are included in revenues and expenses. On-behalf payments as defined by KDE are
payments the state makes on behalf of employees to the various agencies for health and life insurance,
benefits and administration fees. Further discussion of these can be found in Note B. Expenses that
increased from 2023 to 2024 instructional staff support, district administration, school administration, facilities
acquisition and construction, and other.

The changes in the balances and transactions of individual funds have not been material. Changes in final budget when compared to original are not material.

• The majority of revenue in 2024 was derived from state funding (56%) as compared with fiscal year 2023 (58%) with local revenue making up (27%) of total revenue in 2024 compared to (29%) in 2023.

#### **Comments on Budget Comparisons**

- The District's total General Fund revenues for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, net of other financing sources, were \$8.91 million.
- General Fund budget compared to actual revenue varied slightly from line item to line item with the ending actual balance being \$775,736 more than budget.
- The total cost of all General Fund programs and services was \$8.39 million net of debt service.
- General Fund budget expenditures to actual varied slightly from line item with the ending actual balance being \$1,140,393 less than budget.

#### **DEBT SERVICE**

At year-end, the District had approximately \$10.57 million in outstanding debt, compared to \$8.48 million last year. The District continues to maintain favorable debt ratings from Moody's and Standard & Poor's.

#### **FUTURE BUDGETARY IMPLICATIONS**

In Kentucky the public school fiscal year is July 1-June 30; other programs, i.e. some federal operate on a different fiscal calendar, but are reflected in the District's overall budget. By law the budget must have a minimum 2% contingency. The District adopted a budget with \$1,540,364 in contingency (11.3%). The General Fund beginning cash balance for beginning the fiscal year was \$1,146,096.

Questions regarding this report should be directed to the Superintendent, Director of Financial Services or by mail at 305 Second Street, Paintsville, KY 41240.

**GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2024

June 30, 2024			
	Governmental Activities	Business Type Activities	Total
Assets			
Current Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,891,911	\$ 811	\$ 5,892,722
Inventory	-	17,322	17,322
Accounts receivable Taxes - current	57,986		67.096
Taxes - delinquent	9,622	-	57,986 9,622
Accounts receivable	54,800	-	54,800
intergovernmental - state	-	_	-
Intergovernmental - indirect federal	264,680	38,116	302,796
Total current asseta	6,278,999	56,249	6,335,248
Noncurrent Assets:			
Net OPEB asset	•	8,421	8,421
Capital assets, not being depreciated	6,546,547	-	6,546,547
Capital assets, being depreciated, net	13,208,585	36,466	13,245,051
Total noncurrent assets	19,755,132	44,887	19,800,019
Total assets	26,034,131	101,136	26,135,267
Deferred Outflows of Resources:			
Deferred outflows related to pensions	535,816	125,685	661,501
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	1,261,831	48,850	1,310,681
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,797,647	174,535	1,972,182
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	574,237	9,678	583,915
Unearned revenue	2,858,467	-	2,858,467
Current portion of bond obligations	603,917	-	603,917
Current portion of lease liability	40,941	-	40,941
Interest payable	92,266		92,266
Total current liabilities	4,169,828	9,678	4,179,506
Noncurrent Liabilities:			
Noncurrent portion of lease liability	94,007	-	94,007
Noncurrent portion of bond obligations, net of discounts \$100,824	9,742,268	-	9,742,268
Noncurrent portion of accrued sick leave	67,262	<del>.</del>	67,262
Noncurrent portion of net pension liability	1,668,513	391,379	2,059,892
Noncurrent portion of net OPEB liability	1,540,100	<del></del>	1,540,100
Total noncurrent liabilities	13,112,150	391,379	13,503,529
Total liabilities	17,281,978	401,057	17,683,035
Deferred inflows of Resources:			
Deferred inflows related to pensions	402,419	94,394	496,813
Deferred inflows related to OPE8	1,846,156	157,666	2,003,822
Total deferred inflows of resources	2,248,575	252,060	2,500,635
Net Position:			
Net investment in capital assets	9,273,999	36,466	9,310,465
Restricted for:			
Debt Service	453	-	453
School activity	83,574	-	83,574
District activity	16,474	•	16,474
Sick leave	67,262	-	67,262 202,246
SFCC escrow Future Construction	292,246 1,047,107	<u>.</u>	292,246 1,047,107
Food Service	1,047,107	(413,912)	(413,912)
Unrestricted	(2,479,890)		(2,479,890)
Total net position	\$ 8,301,225	\$ (377,446)	\$ 7,923,779

#### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the year ended June 30, 2024

			narges for		<u>ram Revenues</u> Operating Grants and		Capital	G		hange	nse) Revenue s in Net Positio Business- Type		
	Expenses		rvices		ontributions		ntributions	Ŭ	Activities		Activities		Total
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS					onti i Dationo		Titribution io		770071000		Cavaco		TOTAL
Governmental Activities:													
Instruction	\$ 5,487,296	\$	349	\$	1,531,878	\$	-	\$	(3,955,069)	\$	-	\$	(3,955,069)
Support services:					. ,				, , , , , ,			•	(-,,,
Student	390,718		_		72,673		_		(318,045)		=		(318,045)
Instructional staff	520,094		_		82,123		-		(437,971)		-		(437,971)
District administrative	684,762		-		-		_		(684,762)		-		(684,762)
School administrative	528,393		-		_		-		(528,393)		_		(528,393)
Business	293,636		_		-		-		(293,636)		_		(293,636)
Plant operation and maintenance	201,611		_		151,724		_		(49,887)		-		(49,887)
Student transportation	219,736		2,580		53,081		_		(164,075)		_		(164,075)
Central office	2.0,700		_		00,001				(101,070)		_		(101,070)
Facilities acquisition and construction	2,950,289		_		_		805,719		(2,144,570)		_		(2,144,570)
Community service activities	73,443		_		73,443		-	,	(2,111,010)		_		(2,144,570)
Interest on long-term debt	447,008		_		70,770		_		(447,008)		_		(447,008)
Other	134,641		_		<del>-</del>		_		(134,641)		_ _		(134,641)
Other	104,041	-							(154,541)				(154,041)
Total governmental activities	11,931,627		2,929		1,964,922		805,719		(9,158,057)		-		(9,158,057)
Business-Type Activities:													
Food service	971,129		95,045		584,483				-		(291,601)		(291,601)
Total primary government	\$ 12,902,756	\$	97,974		2,549,405	\$	805,719		(9,158,057)		(291,601)		(9,449,658)
					eral Revenues kes:	<b>::</b>							
				Р	roperty taxes				2,362,751		-		2,362,751
				N	Notor vehicle ta	xes			176,798		-		176,798
				U	Itility taxes				460,643		=		460,643
				Inv	estment earnin	gs			378,753		13,177		391,930
				Sta	ite and formula	grant	s		5,915,581		-		5,915,581
				Mis	cellaneous	•			365,778		-		365,778
				Tra	nsfers				(56,000)		56000		-
				Cha	nges in net pos	ition			446,247		(222,424)		223,823
				Net	position - begin	ning			7,854,978		(155,022)		7,699,956
				Net	position - endin	9		\$	8,301,225	\$	(377,446)	\$	7,923,779



#### **BALANCE SHEET**

#### **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

June 30, 2024

	General Fund	Special Revenue	Construction Fund	Other Governmental Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Assets and Resources:					
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$ 1,373,825	\$ 2,615,691	\$ 1,524,992	\$ 377,403	\$ 5,891,911
Taxes - current	57,986	-	=	-	57,986
Taxes - delinquent	9,622	_	-	-	9,622
Accounts receivable	37,431	-	_	17,369	54,800
Intergovernmental - state	-	-	_	-	•
Intergovernmental - indirect federal		264,680			264,680
Total assets and resources	\$ 1,478,864	\$ 2,880,371	\$ 1,524,992	\$ 394,772	\$ 6,278,999
Liabilities and Fund Balances: Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$ 72,423	\$ 21,904	\$ 477,885	\$ 2,025	\$ 574,237
Unearned revenue		2,858,467			2,858,467
Total liabilities	72,423	2,880,371	477,885	2,025	3,432,704
Fund Balances:					
Restricted For:					
Debt Service	-	-	-	453	453
District activity		-	-	16,474	16,474
School acitivity	-	-	-	83,574	83,574
Sick leave payable	67,262	-		-	67,262
SFCC escrow	-	-	-	292,246	292,246
Future construction	-	-	1,047,107	-	1,047,107
Unassigned:					
Undesignated, reported in:					
General fund	1,339,179				1,339,179
Total fund balances	1,406,441		1,047,107	392,747	2,846,295
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 1,478,864	\$ 2,880,371	\$ 1,524,992	\$ 394,772	\$ 6,278,999

## RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2024

Total fund balance per fund financial statements	\$ 2,846,295
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets are not reported in this fund financial statement because they are not current financial resources, but they are reported in the Statement of Net Position.	19,755,132
Pension contributions after measurement date are reported as a deferred outflows of resources.	200,573
OPEB contributions after measurement date are reported as deferred outflows of resources	11,726
Net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, is not reported in governmental funds.	(1,668,513)
Net OPEB liability is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, is not reported reported in governmental funds.	(1,540,100)
Pension related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current year and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds, but they are presented in the statement of net postion, as follows:	
Deferred pension outflows of resources	524,090
Deferred OPEB outflows of resources	1,061,258
Deferred pension inflows of resources	(402,419)
Deferred OPEB inflows of resources	(1,846,156)
Certain liabilities (such as lease liability, bonds payable - net of discount, the long-term portion of accrued sick leave, and accrued interest)	
are not reported in this fund financial statement because they are not due and payable, but they are presented in the Statement of Net Position.	(10,640,661)
Net position for governmental activities	<u>\$ 8,301,225</u>

#### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

#### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the year ended June 30, 2024

	General Fund	Special Revenue	Construction Fund	Other Governmental Fund	Total Governmental Fund
Revenues:					<u> </u>
From local sources					
Taxes					
Property	\$ 2,083,252	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 279,499	\$ 2,362,751
Motor vehicle	176,798	-	-	-	176,798
Utilities	460,643	-	•	•	460,643
Tuition and fees	349	-	-		349
Earnings on investments	260,742	113,346	-	4,665	378,753
Other local revenues Intergovernmental – state	11,298	49,554	-	357,060 703.147	417,912
Intergovernmental – state Intergovernmental – indirect federal	5,868,218 47,363	393,484 1,521,884	-	703,147 102,572	6,964,849 1,671,810
intergovernmental – monect rederal	47,303	1,521,004		102,372	1,671,819
Total revenues	8,908,663	2,078,268		1,446,943	12,433,874
Expenditures:					
Instruction	5,094,093	1,659,214	-	217,605	6,970,912
Support services:					
Student	318,045	72,673	-	-	390,718
Instructional staff	428,671	82,123	-	-	510,794
District administrative	647,334	-	-	-	647,334
School administrative	486,467	-	-	-	486,467
Business  Plant appration and maintanage	293,636	- 151,724	-	-	293,636
Plant operation and maintenance Student transportation	947,382 126,040	53,081	-	10,169	1,099,106 189,290
Central office	120,040	-	- -	10,109	109,290
Facilities acquisition and construction	-	-	2,877,055	-	2,877,055
Community services activities	_	73,443	-	-	73,443
Other	45,926			1,101,470	1,147,396
Total expenditures	8,387,594	2,092,258	2,877,055	1,329,244	14,686,151
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures	521,069	(13,990)	(2,877,055)	117,699	(2,252,277)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Bond proceeds	-	-	-	2,652,748	2,652,748
Proceeds from the sale of fixed assets	-	-	•	-	-
Operating transfers in		13,990	3,565,475	702,347	4,281,812
Operating transfers out	(575,690)	-	-	(3,762,122)	(4,337,812)
Non operating transfers in	-	-	-	-	-
Non operating transfers out			<del></del>		<del></del>
Total other financing sources (uses)	(575,690)	13,990	3,565,475	(407,027)	2,596,748
Net change in fund balance	(54,621)	-	688,420	(289,328)	344,471
Fund balance, July 1, 2023	1,461,062		358,687	682,075	2,501,824
Fund balance, June 30, 2024	\$ 1,406,441	\$ -	\$ 1,047,107	\$ 392,747	\$ 2,846,295

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the year ended June 30, 2024

Net change in total fund balances per fund financial statements	\$ 344,471
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in this fund financial statement because they use current financial resources, but they are presented as assets in the Statement of Activities and depreciated over their estimated economic lives. The difference is the amount by which capital outlay exceeds depreciation for the year.	1,707,107
The issuance of long term debt (lease liability, bonds, and financial obligations) provides current financial resources to government funds, while bonds are recognized as expenditures of current financial resources in the fund financial statement but are reductions of liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.	(2,040,348)
In the statement of activities, interest is accured on outstanding long-term debt, whereas in the governmental funds interest is not reported until due. This amount represents the net change in accured interest payable.	(46,653)
Changes in pension and OPEB expense are reported only in the statement of activities.	497,930
Generally, expenditures recognized in this fund financial statement are limited to only those that use current financial resources, but expenses are recognized in the Statement of Activities when they are incurred.	(16,260)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 446,247

#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

#### PROPRIETARY FUND

June 30, 2024

Assets	Food Service Fund
Current Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Inventory Accounts receivable Intergovernmental – indirect federal	\$ 811 17,322 38,116
Total current assets	56,249
Noncurrent Assets:  Net OPEB asset  Capital assets  Less: accumulated depreciation	8,421 133,925 97,459
Total noncurrent assets	44,887
Total assets	101,136_
Deferred Outflows of Resources:  Deferred outflows related to pensions  Deferred outflows related to OPEB	125,685 48,850
Total deferred outflows of resources	174,535
Liabilities	
Current Liabilities: Accounts payable	9,678
Total current liabilities	9,678
Noncurrent Liabilities: Net pension liability Net OPEB liability	391,379 
Total noncurrent liabilities	391,379
Total liabilities	401,057
Deferred Inflows of Resources:  Deferred inflows related to pensions Deferred inflows related to OPEB	94,394 
Total deferred inflows of resources	252,060
Net Position:  Net investment in capital assets Restricted	36,466 (413,912)
Total net position	<u>\$ (377,446)</u>

#### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

#### PROPRIETARY FUND

For the year ended June 30, 2024

	Food Service Fund
Operating Revenues:	
Lunchroom sales	\$ 95,045
Total operating revenues	95,045
Operating Expenses:	
Salaries and wages	471,824
Materials and supplies	470,561
Depreciation	4,247
Other operating expenses	24,497_
Total operating expenses	971,129
Operating loss	(876,084)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):	
Federal grants	469,617
Donated commodities	33,039
State grants	81,827
Interest income	13,177
Transfers In	56,000_
Total non-operating revenues	653,660
Change in net position	(222,424)
Net Position, July 1, 2023	(155,022)
Net Position, June 30, 2024	\$ (377,446)

#### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

#### PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the year ended June 30, 2024

Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:   Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:   Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:   Covernment grants	Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	
Cash paid to/for:         (272,329)           Employees         (344,192)           Other activities         (24,497).           Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:         (645,973)           Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:         36,000           Net cash provided by noncapital and related financing activities         56,000           Net cash provided by noncapital and related financing activities:         -           Purchases of capital and Related Financing Activities:         -           Purchases of capital and related financing activities         -           Net cash used for capital and related financing activities         -           Receipt of interest income         13,177           Net dearsh provided by investing activities         13,177           Net (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents         (103,298)           Balances, beginning of year         104,109           Balances, of year         \$ 811           Reconcillation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:         \$ 811           Operating income (loss)         \$ (876,084)           Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:         \$ (876,084)           Depreciation         4,247           Donated commodities         33,039 </th <th>Cash received from:</th> <th>\$ 05.045</th>	Cash received from:	\$ 05.045
Employees         (272,329)           Material and supplies         (444,182)           Other activities         (24,497)           Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:         (645,973)           Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:         473,498           Transfers In         56,000           Net cash provided by noncapital and related financing activities:         -           Purchases of capital and Related Financing Activities:         -           Purchases of capital and related financing activities         -           Net cash used for capital and related financing activities         -           Receipt of interest income         13,177           Net cash provided by investing activities         13,177           Net (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents         (103,298)           Balances, beginning of year         104,109           Balances, end of year         \$ 311           Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:         \$ (876,084)           Operating income (loss)         \$ (876,084)           Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:         \$ (876,084)           Depreciation         4,247           Donaled commodities         3,039           On-beh		Ψ 90 <sub>1</sub> 040
Material and supplies         (444 192)           Other activities         (24.497)           Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities         (645.973)           Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:         473.498           Government grants         56.000           Net cash provided by noncapital and related financing activities         529.498           Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:         -           Purchases of capital assets         -           Net cash used for capital and related financing activities         -           Receipt of interest income         13.177           Net cash provided by investing activities         13.177           Net (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents         (103.298)           Balances, beginning of year         104.109           Balances, end of year         \$ 811           Reconcillation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:         \$ (876,084)           Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:         \$ (876,084)           Depreciation         4,247           Donated commodities         33.039           On-behalf payments         81,827           Change in assets and liabilities inventory         (546)	·	(272,329)
Other activities     (24,497)       Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities     (645,973)       Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:     473,498       Government grants     473,498       Transfers in     56,000       Net cash provided by noncapital and related financing activities     529,498       Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:     -       Purchases of capital and related financing activities     -       Receipt of interest income     13,177       Net cash provided by investing activities     13,177       Net (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents     (103,298)       Balances, beginning of year     104,109       Balances, end of year     \$811       Reconcillation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:     \$(876,084)       Operating income (loss)     \$(876,084)       Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:     \$(876,084)       Depreciation     4,247       Donated commodities     33,039       On-behalf payments     8,1827       Change in assets and liabilities     (546,172)       Inventory     (546,172)       Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities     \$(845,973)       Schedule of non-cash transactions:     Donated commodities received from federal government		
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities: Government grants Transfers In  Net cash provided by noncapital and related financing activities: Purchases of capital and Related Financing Activities: Purchases of capital assets  Net cash used for capital and related financing activities  Receipt of interest income  13.177  Net (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents  13.177  Net (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents  6103.298)  Balances, beginning of year  104.109  Balances, end of year  Reconcillation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Operating income (loss)  Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Operating acti	Other activities	
Government grants Transfers In  Net cash provided by noncapital and related financing activities: Purchases of capital assets  Net cash used for capital and related financing activities: Purchases of capital and related financing activities: Purchases of capital and related financing activities:  Net cash used for capital and related financing activities  Receipt of interest income  13,177  Net cash provided by investing activities  Receipt of inderest income  13,177  Net (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents  (103,298)  Balances, beginning of year  104,109  Balances, end of year  Reconcillation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Operating income (loss)  Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Depreciation  Adjustments to reconcile activities:  Depreciation  14,247  Donated commodities  3,039  On-behalf payments  18,827  Change in assets and liabilities Inventory  (546) Deferred outflows/inflows and net pension liability Inventory  Peterred outflows/inflows and net pension liability  Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities  Schedule of non-cash transactions: Donated commodities received from federal government  Schedule of non-cash transactions: Donated commodities received from federal government  Sangas	Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	(645,973)
Transfers In		
Net cash provided by noncapital and related financing activities:  Purchases of capital assets  Net cash used for capital and related financing activities  Receipt of interest income  Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Receipt of interest income  13,177  Net cash provided by investing activities  13,177  Net (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents  Cash equivalents  Balances, beginning of year  104,109  Balances, end of year  Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Operating income (loss)  Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:  Depreciation  Donated commodities  Inventory  Change in assets and liabilities Inventory  Deferred outflows/inflows and net pension liability  Accounts payable  Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities  \$ (645.973)  Schedule of non-cash transactions: Donated commodities received from federal government  \$ 33,039	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: Purchases of capital assets  Net cash used for capital and related financing activities  Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Receipt of interest income  Net cash provided by investing activities  13,177  Net (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents  104,109  Balances, beginning of year  104,109  Balances, end of year  Reconcilitation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Operating income (loss)  Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Depreciation  Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:  Depreciation  On-behalf payments  Change in assets and liabilities Inventory  Deferred outflows/inflows and net pension liability Accounts payable  Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities  \$ (645.973)  Schedule of non-cash transactions: Donated commodities received from federal government  \$ 33,039	Transfers In	56,000
Purchases of capital assets  Net cash used for capital and related financing activities  Receipt of interest income  13,177  Net cash provided by investing activities  Balances, beginning of year  104,109  Balances, end of year  Reconcillation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Operating income (loss)  Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Operating activities: Operating income (loss)  Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:  Depreciation  On-behalf payments  Change in assets and liabilities Inventory  Change in assets and liabilities Inventory  Deferred outflows/inflows and net pension liability  Accounts payable  Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities  Schedule of non-cash transactions: Donated commodities received from federal government  \$ 33,039	Net cash provided by noncapital and related financing activities	529,498
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Receipt of interest income  Net cash provided by investing activities  13,177  Net (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents  (103,298)  Balances, beginning of year  104,109  Balances, end of year  Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Operating income (loss)  Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Depreciation  Depreciation  14,247 Donated commodities  On-behalf payments  Change in assets and liabilities Inventory Deferred outflows/inflows and net pension liability Accounts payable  Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities  Schedule of non-cash transactions: Donated commodities received from federal government  \$ 33,039		· <u>-</u>
Receipt of interest income       13,177         Net cash provided by investing activities       13,177         Net (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents       (103,298)         Balances, beginning of year       104,109         Balances, end of year       \$ 811         Reconcilitation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:       \$ (876,084)         Operating income (loss)       \$ (876,084)         Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:       4,247         Donated commodities       33,039         On-behalf payments       81,827         Change in assets and liabilities       (546)         Inventory       (546)         Deferred outflows/inflows and net pension liability       117,668         Accounts payable       (6,124)         Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities       \$ (645,973)         Schedule of non-cash transactions:       \$ 33,039         Donated commodities received from federal government       \$ 33,039	Net cash used for capital and related financing activities	-
Receipt of interest income       13,177         Net cash provided by investing activities       13,177         Net (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents       (103,298)         Balances, beginning of year       104,109         Balances, end of year       \$ 811         Reconcilitation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:       \$ (876,084)         Operating income (loss)       \$ (876,084)         Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:       4,247         Donated commodities       33,039         On-behalf payments       81,827         Change in assets and liabilities       (546)         Inventory       (546)         Deferred outflows/inflows and net pension liability       117,668         Accounts payable       (6,124)         Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities       \$ (645,973)         Schedule of non-cash transactions:       \$ 33,039         Donated commodities received from federal government       \$ 33,039	Cash Flows from Investing Activities:	
Net (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents       (103,298)         Balances, beginning of year       104,109         Balances, end of year       \$ 811         Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	Receipt of interest income	13,177
Balances, beginning of year 104,109  Balances, end of year \$811  Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Operating income (loss) \$(876,084)  Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Depreciation 4,247 Donated commodities 33,039 On-behalf payments 81,827 Change in assets and liabilities Inventory (546) Deferred outflows/inflows and net pension liability 117,668 Accounts payable \$(6124)  Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities \$(645,973)  Schedule of non-cash transactions: Donated commodities received from federal government \$33,039	Net cash provided by investing activities	13,177
Balances, end of year \$ 811  Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Operating income (loss) \$ (876,084)  Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:  Depreciation 4,247 Donated commodities 333,039 On-behalf payments 81,827 Change in assets and liabilities Inventory (546) Deferred outflows/inflows and net pension liability 117,668 Accounts payable (6,124)  Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities \$ (645,973)  Schedule of non-cash transactions: Donated commodities received from federal government \$ 33,039	Net (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(103,298)
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Operating income (loss) \$ (876,084)  Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:  Depreciation 4,247 Donated commodities 33,039 On-behalf payments 81,827 Change in assets and liabilities Inventory (546) Deferred outflows/inflows and net pension liability 117,668 Accounts payable (6,124)  Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities \$ (645,973)  Schedule of non-cash transactions: Donated commodities received from federal government \$ 33,039	Balances, beginning of year	104,109
(used) by operating activities:Operating income (loss)\$ (876,084)Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:4Depreciation4,247Donated commodities33,039On-behalf payments81,827Change in assets and liabilities(546)Inventory(546)Deferred outflows/inflows and net pension liability117,668Accounts payable(6,124)Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities\$ (645,973)Schedule of non-cash transactions:\$ 33,039Donated commodities received from federal government\$ 33,039	Balances, end of year	<u>\$ 811</u>
Operating income (loss) \$ (876,084)  Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:  Depreciation 4,247  Donated commodities 33,039  On-behalf payments 81,827  Change in assets and liabilities Inventory (546)  Deferred outflows/inflows and net pension liability 117,668  Accounts payable (6,124)  Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities \$ (645,973)  Schedule of non-cash transactions:  Donated commodities received from federal government \$ 33,039		
(used) by operating activities:Depreciation4,247Donated commodities33,039On-behalf payments81,827Change in assets and liabilities(546)Inventory(546)Deferred outflows/inflows and net pension liability117,668Accounts payable(6,124)Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities\$ (645,973)Schedule of non-cash transactions:\$ 33,039Donated commodities received from federal government\$ 33,039		\$ (876,084)
Donated commodities 33,039 On-behalf payments 81,827 Change in assets and liabilities Inventory (546) Deferred outflows/inflows and net pension liability 117,668 Accounts payable (6,124)  Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities \$ (645,973)  Schedule of non-cash transactions: Donated commodities received from federal government \$ 33,039		
On-behalf payments 81,827 Change in assets and liabilities Inventory (546) Deferred outflows/inflows and net pension liability 117,668 Accounts payable (6,124)  Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities \$ (645,973)  Schedule of non-cash transactions: Donated commodities received from federal government \$ 33,039		•
Change in assets and liabilities Inventory Deferred outflows/inflows and net pension liability Accounts payable  Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities  Schedule of non-cash transactions: Donated commodities received from federal government  (546) 117,668 (6,124) (6,124)  \$\$ (645,973)  \$\$ 33,039		
Inventory (546) Deferred outflows/inflows and net pension liability 117,668 Accounts payable (6,124)  Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities \$ (645,973)  Schedule of non-cash transactions: Donated commodities received from federal government \$ 33,039		81,827
Deferred outflows/inflows and net pension liability Accounts payable  Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities  Schedule of non-cash transactions:  Donated commodities received from federal government  \$ 33,039		(5.40)
Accounts payable (6,124)  Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities \$ (645,973)  Schedule of non-cash transactions:  Donated commodities received from federal government \$ 33,039		
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities  \$\frac{\$ (645,973)}{\$}\$  Schedule of non-cash transactions:  Donated commodities received from federal government  \$\$33,039\$		
Schedule of non-cash transactions:  Donated commodities received from federal government \$ 33,039	Accounts payable	(0,124)
Donated commodities received from federal government \$ 33,039	Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ (645,973)
Donated commodities received from federal government \$ 33,039	Schedule of non-cash transactions:	
On-behalf payments \$ 81,827		\$ 33,039
	On-behalf payments	\$ 81,827

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended June 30, 2024

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of Paintsville Independent School District have been prepared to conform with Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The Superintendent of Schools is responsible for keeping records and accounts of all financial transactions in the manner prescribed by the State Board of Education. The following is a summary of the more significant of these policies.

#### Reporting Entity

The Paintsville Independent Board of Education ("Board"), a five-member group, is the level of government which has oversight responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary school education within the jurisdiction of Paintsville Independent Board of Education ("District"). The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the commitment requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in Section 2100, Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards. Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to develop policies which may influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

The District, for financial purposes, includes all of the funds and account groups relevant to the operation of the Paintsville Independent Board of Education. The financial statements presented herein do not include funds of groups and organizations, which although associated with the school system, have not originated within the Board itself such as Band Boosters, Parent-Teacher Associations, etc.

The financial statements of the District include those of separately administered organizations that are controlled by or dependent on the Board. Control or dependence is determined on the basis of budget adoption, funding and appointment of the respective governing board.

Based on the foregoing criteria, the financial statements of the following organization are included in the accompanying financial statements:

<u>Paintsville Independent Board of Education Finance Corporation</u> – In a prior year the Board of Education resolved to authorize the establishment of the Paintsville Independent School District Finance Corporation (a non-profit, non-stock, public and charitable corporation organized under the School Bond Act and KRS 273 and KRS Section 58.180) (the "Corporation") as an agency for the District for financing the costs of school building facilities. The members of the Board also comprise the Corporation's Board of Directors.

#### Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2024

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

The government-wide Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements – Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary Funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a Balance Sheet, which generally includes only current assets and current liabilities, and a Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances, which reports on the changes in fund balance. Proprietary funds and fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. Accordingly, the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position for the proprietary fund reports increases and decreases in total economic net worth. The Statement of Cash Flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

Funds are characterized as either major or non-major. Major funds are those whose assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses are at least ten percent of the corresponding total (assets, liabilities, etc.) for all funds or type (governmental or proprietary) and whose total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses are at least five percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined. The district may also designate any fund as major.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the financial statements.

The District has the following funds:

#### I. Governmental Fund Types

- (A) The General Fund is the main operating fund of the District. It accounts for financial resources used for general types of operations. This is a budgeted fund, and any fund balances are considered as resources available for use. This is a major fund of the District.
- (B) The Special Revenue (Grant) Fund accounts for proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to disbursements for specified purposes. It includes federal financial programs where unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of the specified project periods as well as the state grant programs. Project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds. The separate projects of federally-funded grant programs are identified in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards included in this report. This is a major fund of the District.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2024

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

- (C) Special Revenue Activity Fund is used to support co-curricular activities and are not raised and expended by student groups. District activity funds accounted for in the District bank account are not subject to the Redbook and may be expended with more flexibility than school activity funds but must meet the "educational purpose" standard for all District expenditures.
- (D) Capital Project Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and equipment (other than those financed by proprietary fund).
  - 1. The Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Capital Outlay Fund receives those funds designated by the state as Capital Outlay Funds and is restricted for use in financing projects identified in the District's facility plan.
  - The Facility Support Program of Kentucky (FSPK) accounts for funds generated by the building tax levy required to participate in the School Facilities Construction Commission's construction funding and state matching funds, where applicable. Funds may be used for projects identified in the District's facility plan.
  - 3. The Construction Fund accounts for proceeds from sales of bonds and other revenues to be used for authorized construction. This is a major fund of the District.
- (E) The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest and related cost; and for the payment of interest on general obligation notes payable, as required by Kentucky Law.

#### II. Proprietary Fund Type (Enterprise Fund)

The Food Service Fund is used to account for school food service activities, including the National School Lunch Program, which is conducted in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA). Amounts have been recorded for in-kind contribution of commodities from the USDA. The Food Service Fund is a major fund.

The District applies all GASB pronouncements to proprietary funds as well as the Financial Accounting Standards Board pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

#### III. Fiduciary Fund Type (Agency and Trust Funds)

The Agency Fund accounts for activities of student groups and other types of activities requiring clearing accounts. These funds are accounted for in accordance with the <u>Uniform Program of Accounting for School Activity Funds</u>.

#### Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2024

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Revenues – Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions – Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenues are recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of the fiscal year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resource are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenues from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Deferred Revenue – Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Due to GASB 65, this now has been re-characterized as unearned revenue.

Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as unearned revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures – On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position as an expense with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue. Unused donated commodities are reported as unearned revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation, are not recognized in governmental funds.

#### **Property Taxes**

Property Tax Revenues – Generally and except as otherwise provided by law, property taxes are assessed as of January 1, levied (mailed) November 1, due at discount November 30, due at face value December 31, delinquent January 1 following the assessment, and subject to sale ninety days following April 15. The billings are considered due upon receipt by the taxpayer; however, the actual date is based on a period ending 30 days after the tax bill mailing. Property taxes collected are recorded as revenues in the fiscal year for which they were levied. All taxes collected are initially deposited into the General Fund and then transferred to the appropriate fund.

The property tax rates assessed for the year ended June 30, 2024, to finance the General Fund operations were \$.964 per \$100 valuation for real property, \$.964 per \$100 valuation for business personal property and \$.727 per \$100 valuation for motor vehicles.

The District levies a utility gross receipts license tax in the amount of 3% of the gross receipts derived from the furnishings, within the county, of telephonic and telegraphic communications services, cablevision services, electric power, water, and natural, artificial and mixed gas.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2024

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

#### Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide Statement of Net Position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide Statement of Net Position and in the respective funds.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of one thousand dollars with the exception of computers, digital cameras and real property for which there is no threshold. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the cost of, normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an assets life are not.

All reported capital assets are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives for both general capital assets and proprietary fund assets:

Description	Governmental Activities <u>Estimated Lives</u>
Buildings and improvements	25-50 years
Land improvements	20 years
Technology equipment	5 years
Vehicles	5-10 years
Audio-visual equipment	15 years
Food service equipment	10-12 years
Furniture and fixtures	7 years
Rolling stock	15 years
Other	10 years

#### Leases

The District adopted GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The District could be a lessee for various non-cancellable leases of equipment and vehicles.

#### **Short-Term Leases**

For leases with a maximum possible term of 12 months or less at commencement, the District recognizes expense/expenditure based on the provisions of the lease contract.

#### Leases Other than Short-Term

For all other leases, the District recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset in the applicable columns of the District-wide (governmental or business-type activities) and proprietary fund financial statements.

#### Measurement of Lease Activity

At lease commencement, the District initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, less lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus any initial direct costs ancillary to placing the underlying asset into service, less any lease incentives received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized into depreciation and amortization expense on a straight-line basis over the shorter of lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset. If the District is reasonably certain of exercising a purchase option contained in the lease, the lease asset will be amortized over the useful life of the underlying asset.

#### Key Estimates and Judgments

Key estimates and judgments include how the District determines (1) the discount rate it uses to calculate the present value of the expected lease payments, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

- The District generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases unless the rate that the lessor charges is known.
- The lease term includes the non-cancellable period of the lease plus any additional periods covered by either the District or lessor option to (1) extend for which it is reasonably certain to be exercises, or (2) terminate for which it is reasonable certain not to be exercised. Period in which both the District and the lessor have a unilateral option to terminate (or if both parties have to agree to extend) are excluded from the lease term.
- Payments are evaluated by the District to determine if they should be included in the
  measurement of the lease liability, including those payments that require a determination of
  whether they are reasonably certain of being made.

#### Remeasurement of Lease Amounts

The District monitors changes in circumstances that may require remeasurement of a lease. When certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability, the liability is remeasured and a corresponding adjustment is made to the lease asset.

#### Presentation in Statement of Net Position

Lease assets are reported with capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with liabilities in the statement of net position.

#### Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the Statements of Net Position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances.

#### Accumulated Unpaid Sick Leave Benefits

Upon retirement from the school system, an employee will receive from the District an amount equal to 30% of the value of accumulated sick leave.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination payment method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is based on the School District's past experience of making termination payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2024

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

For governmental fund financial statements the current portion of unpaid accrued sick leave is the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "accumulated sick leave payable" in the General Fund. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported.

#### Budgetary Process

Budgetary Basis of Accounting: The District's budgetary process accounts for certain transactions on a basis other than Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). The major differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis are:

Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

Once the budget is approved, it can be amended. Amendments are presented to the Board at their regular meetings. Per Board policy, only amendments that aggregate greater than \$50,000 require Board approval. Such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board, and are not made after fiscal year-end as dictated by law.

Each budget is prepared and controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. All budget appropriations lapse at year-end.

The budget for the Special Revenue Fund consists of the sum of each active grant's budget. Large variances between budgeted and actual activity can occur because grants with little activity during the year will have their entire budget rolled up into the combined budget for all grants.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District considers demand deposits, money market funds, and other investments with an original maturity of 90 days or less, to be cash equivalents.

#### Inventories

On government-wide financial statements inventories are stated at cost and are expensed when used,

On fund financial statements inventories are stated at cost. The cost of inventory items is recorded as an expenditure in the governmental fund types when purchased.

The Food Service Fund is stated at cost and uses the specific identification method and the General Fund is stated at cost and uses the first-in, first-out method for inventory.

#### Prepaid Assets

Payments made that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2024 are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

#### In-Kind

Local contributions, which include contributed services provided by individuals, private Districts and local governments, are used to match federal and state administered funding on various grants. The District also receives commodities from the USDA. The amounts of such services and commodities are recorded in the accompanying financial statements at their estimated fair market values.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2024

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

#### Investments

The private purpose trust funds record investments at their quoted market prices. All realized gains and losses and changes in fair value are recorded in the Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position.

The permanent funds record investments at their quoted market value prices for purposes of the Statement of Net Position. All realized gains and losses and changes in fair value are recorded in the Statement of Activities. Long-term investments are not recorded on the fund financial statements nor are unrealized gains and losses.

#### Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, claims and judgments, accumulated sick leave, contractually required pension contributions and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they will be paid with current, expendable, available financial resources. In general, payments made within 60 days after year-end are considered to have been made with current available financial resources. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due.

#### Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Financial Position includes a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenses/expenditure) until then. The District has thirteen items that qualifies for reporting in this category. The items are the District pension contributions subsequent to measurement date, the difference between expected and actual experience, net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments, and change in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions. In addition, we have OPED (CERS) contributions subsequent to measurement date, the difference between expected and actual experience, change of assumptions, net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on OPEB plan investments, and change in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions. Then we have OPED (KTRS) contributions subsequent to measurement date, changes of assumptions, changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions, and the net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Financial Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has ten items that qualifies for reporting in this category. For pensions it is the difference between expected and actual experience, changes the assumptions, the net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments, and the change in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions. In addition, for OPED (CERS) it is the difference between expected and actual experience, net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on OPEB plan investments, change of assumptions, and the change in proportion and difference between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions. Then we have OPED (KTRS) difference between expected and actual experience, and changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2024

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

#### Fund Balance Reserves

The District reserves those portions of fund equity which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Fund equity reserves have been established for inventories and fixed assets.

In the fund financial statements, the difference between the assets and liabilities of governmental funds is reported as fund balance. Fund balance is divided into non-spendable and spendable components, if applicable.

Non-spendable includes amounts that must be maintained intact legally or contractually. Spendable include the following:

- Restricted-amounts constrained for a specific purpose by external parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.
- Committed-amounts constrained for a specific purpose by the district using its highest level of decision making authority.
- Assigned-for all governmental funds, other than general fund, any remaining positive amounts not
  classified as non-spendable, restricted, or committed. For the General Fund, amounts constrained
  by intent to be used for a specified purpose by the District or the delegated official given authority
  to assign amounts.
- Unassigned-for the General Fund, amounts not classified as non-spendable, restricted, committed
  or assigned. For all other governmental funds, amount expended in excess of resources that are
  non-spendable, restricted, committed or assigned.

For resources considered committed, the district issues an ordinance or resolution that can only be changed with another corresponding ordinance or resolution.

For resources considered assigned, the district has designated the board to carry out the intent of the school district.

It is the policy of the District to spend restricted resources first, when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available to spend on the activity. Once restricted resources are exhausted, then committed, assigned and unassigned resources will be spent in that order on the activity.

Encumbrances, although not reported on the Balance Sheet, are purchase orders that will be fulfilled in a subsequent fiscal period. Although the purchase order or contract creates a legal commitment, the district incurs no liability until performance has occurred on the part of the party with whom the district has entered into the arrangement. When a government intends to honor outstanding commitments in subsequent periods, such amounts are encumbered. Significant encumbrances at year end are reported by major funds and non-major funds in the aggregate and included with the commitments and contingencies note disclosure, if applicable.

#### **Net Position**

Net positions represent the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources on the district-wide financial statements. Net positions are classified in the following categories:

Net investment in capital assets — This amount consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that is attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of the assets.

Restricted net position — This amount is restricted by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2024

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Unrestricted net position — This amount is the net position that does not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets" or "restricted net position".

#### Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the School District, those revenues are primarily charges for meals provided by the various schools.

#### Contributions of Capital

Contributions of capital in proprietary fund financial statements arise from outside contributions of fixed assets, or from grants or outside contributions of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction.

#### Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

#### Pension

For purposes of measuring the net pension asset, the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position and additions to /deductions from the plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2024

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Effective July 1, 2022, the District adopted GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements ("GASB 96"). GASB 96 provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for governments. The Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset, an intangible asset, and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA: and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, Leases, as amended. GABS 96 will be effective for the District beginning with its year ending June 30, 2023. The adoption of this standard did not have a material effect on the District's financial statements.

In May 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 99, *Omnibus 2022* ("GASB 99"), to provide guidance addressing various accounting and financial reporting issues identified during the implementation and application of certain GASB pronouncements or during the due process on other pronouncements. GASB 99 addresses, among other matters:

- Accounting and financial reporting for exchange or exchange-like financial guarantees:
- Clarification of certain provisions of Statement No.:
  - 34, Basic Financial Statements-and Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments,
  - o 87, Leases,
  - 94, Public-Private and Public-Public Partnership and Availability Payment Arrangements,
  - 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA);
- Replacing the original deadline for use of the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) as a
  benchmark interest rate for hedges of interest rate risk of taxable debt with a deadline for when
  LIBOR ceases to be determined by the ICE Benchmark Administration using the methodology in
  place as of December 31, 2021;
- Accounting for the distribution of benefits as part of the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP);
- Disclosures related to non-monetary transactions; and
- · Pledges of future revenues when resources are not received by the pledging government.

Requirements that relate to the extension of the use of LIBOR, accounting for SNAP distributions, disclosures for non-monetary transactions, pledges of future revenues by pledging governments, clarifications of certain provisions in Statement No. 34, and terminology updates are effective upon issuance. Requirements related to leases, public-public and public-private partnerships (PPPs), and SBITAs are effective for fiscal years beginning June 15, 2022, and for all reporting periods thereafter. Requirements related to other derivative instruments are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023, and for all reporting periods thereafter. Adoption of the provisions required for the year ending June 30, 2023 of this Statement did not have a material effect on the District's financial statements.

In June 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections (an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62) ("GASB 100"), which has as its primary objective to provide more straightforward guidance that is easier to understand and is more reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable across governments for making decisions and assessing accountability. Improving the clarity of accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections will mean greater consistency in the application of these requirements in general.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2024

#### NOTE A -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

GASB 100 prescribes accounting and financial reporting for each category of accounting change and error corrections, requiring that:

- Changes in accounting principle and error correction be reported retroactively by restating prior periods;
- Changes in accounting estimate be reported prospectively by recognizing the change in the current period; and
- Changes to and within the financial reporting entity be reported by adjusting beginning balances of the current period.
- Governments disclose the effects of each accounting change and error correction on beginning balances in a tabular format.

The requirements of GASB 100 are effective for accounting changes and error corrections made in fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023, and for all reporting periods thereafter. Management is currently evaluating the impact of this Statement on its financial statements.

In June 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences ("GASB 101"), which supersedes the guidance in Statement No. 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, issued in 1992. GASB 101 aligns recognition and measurement guidance for all types of compensated absences under a unified model. It also requires that a liability for specific types of compensated absences not be recognized until the leave is used. Additionally, it establishes guidance for measuring a liability for leave that had not been used, generally using an employee's pay rate as of the date of the financial statements. For example, a liability for leave that has not been used would be recognized if the leave:

- Is attributable to services already rendered;
- Accumulates; and
- Is more likely than not to be used for time off or otherwise paid or settled. Some exceptions to this
  general rule include parental leave, military leave and jury leave for which a liability would not be
  recognized until the leave commences.

Additionally, GASB 101 (1) provides an alternative to the existing requirement to disclose the gross annual increases and decreased in long-term liability for compensated absences, allowing governments to disclose only the net annual change in the liability as long as it is identified as such; and (2) removes the disclosure of the government funds used to liquidate the liability for compensated absences. The requirements of GASB 101 are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023. Adoption of this statement did not have a material effect on the District's financial statements.

#### **NOTE B - ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS**

For the year ended June 30, 2024, on-behalf payments were made on behalf of the District for KTRS GASB 68 \$1,252,665, KTRS GASB 75 \$103,313, KTRS GASB 75 LIF \$3,269, Health insurance \$1,004,093, Life insurance \$1,416, Administrative fee \$11,312, HRA/Dental/Vision \$42,875, Federal reimbursement (\$85,949), KEN services \$51,927, AT&T Firewall Services \$10,675, Munis financial management software and services \$2,413, McAfee virus protection software and services \$483, and SFCC debt service \$138,294. The overall total payments for on-behalf were \$2,536,786. In addition, \$102,572 was made from federal sources to satisfy a QZAB Bond payment. These payments were recognized as on-behalf payments and recorded in the appropriate revenue and expense accounts on the Statement of Activities and the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2024

#### **NOTE C - ESTIMATES**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the District's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets, liabilities, fund balances, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the general purpose financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### NOTE D - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The District's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract pursuant to the School Depository Act. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the District's third party agent approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect District's funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance.

At June 30, 2024, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$5,892,722 and the bank balance was \$6,053,085. The entire bank balance throughout the year was covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held by the District's agent in the District's name.

The deposits were deemed collateralized under Kentucky law during the year. The Kentucky Department of Education maintains copies of all safekeeping receipts in the name of the District. The following is disclosed:

- a. Name of bank: Citizens National Bank
- Amount of bond and/or security pledged as of the date of the highest combined balance on deposit was \$12,007,759.

The cash deposits held at financial institutions can be categorized according to three levels of risk. These three levels of risk are as follows:

- Catergory 1 Deposits which are insured to collateralized with securities held by the District or by its agent in the District's name.
- Catergory 2 Deposits which are collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the District's name.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2024

# NOTE D - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - CONTINUED

Category 3 Deposits which are not collateralized or insured.

As of June 30, 2024, based on these levels of risk, all of the District's cash deposits are classified as Category 2.

Breakdown per financial statements:

 Government funds
 \$5,891,911

 Proprietary funds
 811

 \$5,892,722

# NOTE E - INVESTMENTS

The District had no investments as of June 30, 2024.

# **NOTE F - CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
Governmental Activities	July 1, 2023	Additions	<u>Deductions</u>	June 30, 2024
Land	\$ 3,715,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,715,000
Land improvements	184,055	-	-	184,055
Buildings and improvement	18,825,281	1,000,000	•	19,825,281
Technology equipment	559,313	75,608	-	634,921
General equipment	447,477	942,305	-	1,389,782
Vehicles	674,662	-	-	674,662
Construction work in progress	2,720,726	1,639,508	1.712.742	2,647,492
Totals at historical cost	27,126,514	3,657,421	1,712,742	29,071,193
Less: accumulated depreciation/amorti	zation			
Buildings and improvements	8,117,959	7,100	-	8,125,059
Technology equipment	349,915	89,512	•	439,427
General equipment	129,159	110,514	-	239,673
Vehicles	481.456	30.446		<u>511.902</u>
Total accumulated depreciation	9,078,489	237,572		9,316,061
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets – Net	\$18 <u>048</u> 025	<b>\$</b> 3,419,849	<b>\$</b> _1.712.742	\$ <u>19,755,132</u>

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2024

#### NOTE F - CAPITAL ASSETS - CONTINUED

# **Business-Type Activities**

General equipment	\$	133,925	\$ -	\$	-	\$	133,925
Technology equipment	_	<u> </u>	 		-		
Totals at historical cost		133,925					133.925
Less: accumulated depreciation			 <u></u>				
General equipment		93,212	4,247				97,459
Technology equipment		-	-		-		· -
Total accumulated depreciation	_	93,212	 4.247	-			97,459
Business-Type Activities	_	<u> </u>					
Capital Assets – Net	<u>\$</u>	40.713	\$ (4,247)	\$		<u>\$</u>	<u>36,466</u>

Depreciation expense has been charged to the following functions in the statement of activities.

Instruction	\$	15,967
Instructional staff		9,300
District administrative		37,428
School administrative		41,926
Plant operation and maintenance		102,505
Student transportation		30,446
Food service	_	4.247
	2	<u>241.819</u>

# NOTE G - BONDED DEBT AND LEASE OBLIGATIONS

The original amount of each issue, the issue date, and interest rates are summarized below:

Issue Date	Amounts	Interest Rates
2012	\$ 4,155,000	1.20% - 2.375%
2018	1,925,000	2.00% - 3.60%
2020 Refinancing	1,760,000	1.10% - 1.90%
2023 1 <sup>S⊤</sup> Series	1,115,000	3.75% - 4.125%
2023 2 <sup>nd</sup> Series	2,700,000	4.00% - 4.25%

The 2012, 2018, 2020R, 2023 1st bond, and 2023 2<sup>nd</sup> bond issues were sold at a discount (premium) of \$27,193, \$33,766, \$(22,931), \$19,871, and \$47,252 respectively. These amounts are being amortized over the life of the respective debt.

The District, through the General Fund (including utility taxes and the Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Capital Outlay Fund) is obligated to make payments in amounts sufficient to satisfy debt service requirements on bonds issued by the Paintsville Independent School District Finance Corp. to construct school facilities. The District has an option to purchase the property under lease at any time by retiring the bonds then outstanding.

The proceeds from certain refunding issues have been placed in escrow accounts to be used to service the related debt.

The District has "participation agreements" with the Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission. The Commission was created by the Kentucky Legislature for the purpose of assisting local school districts in meeting school construction needs. The following table sets forth the amount to be paid by the District and the Commission for each year until maturity of all bond issues.

The bonds may be called prior to maturity at dates and redemption premiums specified in each issue. Assuming no issues are called prior to scheduled maturity, the minimum obligations of the funds at June 30, 2024 for debt service (principal and interest) are as follows:

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2024

# NOTE G - BONDED DEBT AND LEASE OBLIGATIONS - CONTINUED

<u>Year</u>		ndependent <u>District</u>	Kentucky Facilities Co <u>Comm</u>	onstruction	Total Requirements <u>For Year</u>
	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2024-2025	\$ 394,576	\$ 261,203	\$120,424	\$ 34,257	\$ 810,460
2025-2026	406,687	251,801	123,313	31,368	813,169
2026-2027	413,724	242,095	126,276	28,405	810,500
2027-2028	415,685	232,285	129,315	25,367	802,652
2028-2029	427,569	222,377	132,431	22,251	804,628
2029-2030	434,346	212,049	135,654	19,026	801,075
2030-2031	468,023	200,791	71,977	15,719	756,510
2031-2032	480,969	188,183	74,031	13,663	756,846
2032-2033	490,501	175,278	69,499	11,625	746,903
2033-2034	456,669	164,832	28,331	10,117	659,949
2034-2035	470,624	147,713	29,376	9,074	656,787
2035-2036	489,506	129,580	30,494	7,956	657,536
2036-2037	598,345	108,624	31,655	6,794	745,418
2037-2038	352,140	84,923	32,860	5,590	475,513
2038-2039	276,856	69,724	18,144	4,338	369,062
2039-2040	286,115	58,465	18,885	3,598	367,063
2040-2041	295,344	46,836	19,656	2,827	364,663
2041-2042	309,529	34,545	20,471	2,011	366,556
2042-2043	323,653	21,283	21,347	1,136	367,419
2043-2044	<u>338,954</u>	7,203	16,046	<u>341</u>	<u>362,544</u>
	<u>\$8,129,815</u>	<u>\$2,859,790</u>	<u>\$1,250,185</u>	<u>\$255,463</u>	<u>\$ 12,495,253</u>

On July 13, 2023, the District issued 2,700,000 in School Building Revenue Bonds, ( $2^{nd}$  series 2023) with an interest rate ranging from 4.00% to 4.25% to finance a HVAC renovation project.

On June 15, 2023, the District issued \$1,115,000 in School Building Revenue Bonds, (1st series 2023) with an interest rate ranging from 3.75% to 4.125% to finance turf at the football field.

On February 11, 2020, the District refinanced the School Building Revenue Bonds, (series 2010) with a cumulative savings of \$198,796. The new 2020 bond series was issued for \$1,760,000 with an interest rate ranging from 1.10% to 1.90%. As a result, the 2010 series bonds are considered to be deferred and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the government-wide State of Net Position.

On March 1, 2018, the District issued \$1,925,000 in School Building Revenue Bonds (series 2018) with an interest rate ranging from 2.00% to 3.60% to finance improvements to Paintsville Independent School District.

On November 29, 2012, the District issued \$4,155,000 in School Building Revenue Bonds (series 2012) with an interest rate ranging from 1.20% to 2.375% to finance a new addition to Paintsville Elementary.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2024

# NOTE G - BONDED DEBT AND LEASE OBLIGATIONS - CONTINUED

During the year ended June 30, 2024 the District's debt obligation was as follows:

	BALANCE 6/30/23	ADDITIONS	REDUCTIONS	BALANCE 6/30/24	DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR
Less:	\$7,170,000	\$2,700,000	\$ 490,000	\$9,380,000	\$515,000
Discount on bonds	<u>(44,924)</u> <u>\$7,125,076</u>	<u>(47,252)</u> \$2,652,748	(4,853) \$ 485,147	<u>(87,323)</u> \$9,292,677	<u>-</u> \$515,000

# **QUALIFIED ZONE ACADEMY BONDS**

The Paintsville Independent School District Finance Corporation issued \$2,719,298 of Qualified Zone Academy Bonds (QZAB), Series 2012, November 29, 2012 under a guaranteed investment contract whereby the Paintsville Independent School District will remit to the low bidder The Bank Of New York Mellon contributions to an escrow account \$2,045,096 over a twenty-three year period. The federal government will pay directly to the bank all of the annual interest expense leaving the board a small portion of interest due if the government fails to make payment. Funds from the escrow will be used to defease the entire bond upon maturity December 1, 2035. The 2012 QZAB sold at a discount of \$33,506. This amount is being amortized over the life of the respective debt. The minimum obligations of the funds at June 30, 2024 for the escrow and interest are as follows:

Year	Paintsville Independent School District	Federal Rebate	Total Requirements <u>For Year</u>
	Escrow	Interest	<u>Total</u>
2024-2025	\$ 88,917	\$108,772	\$ 197,689
2025-2026	88,917	108,772	197,689
2026-2027	88,917	108,772	197,689
2027-2028	88,917	108,772	197,689
2028-2029	88,917	108,772	197,689
2029-2030	88,917	108,772	197,689
2030-2031	88,917	108,772	197,689
2031-2032	88,918	108,772	197,690
2032-2033	88,918	108,772	197,690
2033-2034	88,918	108,772	197,690
2034-2035	88,918	108,771	197,689
2035-2036	<u>88,918</u>	<u>54,385</u>	143,303
	<u>\$1.067.009</u>	\$1_250_876	<u>\$2,317,885</u>

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2024

#### NOTE G - BONDED DEBT AND LEASE OBLIGATIONS - CONTINUED

During the year ended June 30, 2024 the District's QZAB debt obligation to the escrow was as follows:

	BALANCE 6/30/23	<u>ADDITIONS</u>	REDUCTIONS	BALANCE 6/30/24	DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR
Less:	\$1,155,926	\$ -	\$ 88,917	\$1,067,009	\$ 88,917
Discount on bonds	<u>(14,683)</u> \$ <u>1,141,243</u>	<u>-</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>(1,182</u> ) <u>\$_87,735</u>	<u>(13,501)</u> <u>\$1,053,508</u>	<u> </u>

The District is required by GASB 68 and GASB 75 to account for net pension liability and net OPEB liability on the statement of net position. The district is not required to make any payments toward these liabilities.

During the year ended June 30, 2023, the District's changes in long term obligations for pensions and OPEB are as follows:

Governmental Activities	Balance 6/30/23	Additions	Reductions	Balance 6/30/24	Due Within One Year
Net pension liability Net OPEB liability	\$2,080,230 _2,714,849	\$ - 	\$ 411,717 _1.174.749	\$1,668,513 _1,540,100	\$ - 
Total government activities	<u>\$4.795,079</u>	<u>\$ - </u>	<u>\$1,586,466</u>	\$3,208,613	<u>\$</u>
Business - Type Activities	Balance _6/30/23	Additions	Reductions	Balance 6/30/24	Due Within One Year
Business - Type Activities  Net Pension liability		<u>Additions</u> \$ 80,540	Reductions		
	6/30/23			6/30/24	One Year

# **NOTE H - LEASES**

# Bus Lease and Lighting Lease

On July 8, 2021, the Musco Finance, LLC entered into an equipment lease and security agreement with the Paintsville Independent School District. The District received \$301,552 in lighting equipment and is required to make payments over a six year period with an interest rate of 3.95%.

On March 18, 2018, the Kentucky Interlocal School Transportation Association (KISTA) entered into an equipment lease and security agreement with the Paintsville Independent School District. The District received \$102,290 in transportation equipment (one school bus) and is required to make payments over a ten year period with an interest rate ranging from 2.0% to 3.0%.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2024

# **NOTE H - LEASES - CONTINUED**

The following is a schedule of equipment lease payments, by years of the future minimum lease payments under capital lease:

<u>Year</u>	Principal	_Interest	Total <u>Requirements</u>
2024-25	\$ 40,941	\$ 4,946	\$ 45,887
2025-26	42,477	3,429	45,906
2026-27	41,980	1,857	43,837
2027-28	9,550	286	9,836
TOTALS	<u>\$_134,948</u>	<u>\$ 10,518</u>	<u>\$_145,466</u>

During the year ended June 30, 2024 the District's capital lease obligation was as follows:

BALANCE 6/30/23	<u>ADDITIONS</u>	REDUCTIONS	BALANCE 6/30/24	DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR
\$174,466	\$ <i>-</i>	\$39,518	\$134,948	\$40,941

#### NOTE I - COMMITMENTS UNDER NONCAPITALIZED LEASES

The District had no commitments under noncapitalized leases at June 30, 2024.

# **NOTE J - PENSION PLANS**

# KENTUCKY TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (KTRS)

The Paintsville Independent School District contributes to the Teachers' Retirement System of Kentucky (KTRS), a cost-sharing, multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. KTRS administers retirement and disability annuities, and death and survivor benefits to employees and beneficiaries of employees of the public school systems and other public educational agencies in Kentucky. KTRS requires that members of KTRS occupy a position requiring either a four (4) year college degree or certification by Kentucky Department of Education (KDE). Job classifications that permit experience to substitute for either of these requirements do not participate in KTRS.

KTRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the Kentucky Revised Statues (KRS). KTRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the defined benefit pension plan. That report can be obtained by writing to Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System, 479 Versailles Road, Frankfort, Ky 40601 or from the KTRS web site at <a href="http://www.ktrs.ky.gov/">http://www.ktrs.ky.gov/</a>,

Funding Policy – Contribution rates are established by KRS. Members are required to contribute 12.855% of their salaries to KTRS. The Commonwealth of Kentucky is required to contribute 13.105% of salaries for members in a state retirement system before July 1, 2008 and 14.105% of salaries for members who started their account after June 30, 2008. The federal program for any salaries paid by that program pays the matching contributions. The local school districts pay employer matching on all employees who do not occupy federally funded positions. As part of the Shared Responsibility Plan, beginning July 1, 2010 each employer is required to pay the amount equal to the increase in employee contributions. Effective July 1, 2015, the current employer match is 3.00% of total gross non-federal salaries in the district and for individuals employed in federally funded positions the employer-matching rate is 16.105%

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2024

# **NOTE J -- PENSION PLANS -- CONTINUED**

#### Medical Insurance Plan

Plan description – In addition to the pension benefits described above, Kentucky Revised Statue 161.675 requires KTRS to provide access to post-employment healthcare benefits to eligible members and dependents. The KTRS Medical Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan. Changes made to the medical plan may be made by the KTRS Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance and the General Assembly.

To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability. The KTRS Medical Insurance Fund offers coverage to members under the age of 65 through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. Once retired members and eligible spouses attain age 65 and are Medicare eligible, coverage is obtained through the KTRS Medicare Eligible Health Plan.

Funding policy – In order to fund the post-employment healthcare benefit, active member contributions are matched by the state at .75% of members' gross salaries. Also, the premiums collected from retirees as described in the plan description and investment interest help meet the medical expenses of the plan. Additionally, under the Shared Responsibility Plan, the local school district employers pay 3.00% of members' salary for the 2023-2024 fiscal year.

The Paintsville Independent School District's total payroll for the year was \$6,607,054. The payroll for employees covered under KTRS was \$4,805,229. For the year ended June 30, 2024, the Commonwealth contributed \$829,587 to KTRS for the benefit of participating employees. The School District's contributions to KTRS for the year ending June 30, 2024 was \$219,933, which represents those employees covered by federal programs.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to KTRS

At June 30, 2024, the District did not report a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability because the Commonwealth of Kentucky provides the pension support directly to KTRS on behalf of the District. The amount recognized by the District as it's proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net Pension Liability

\$

Commonwealth's proportionate share of the Net Pension liability associated with the District

20,825,240 \$ 20,825,240

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022. An expected total pension liability as of June 30, 2023 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the actual liability of the employees and former employees relative to the total liability of the Commonwealth as determined by the actuary. At June 30, 2023, the District's proportion was 0.1222%.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized pension expense of \$2,766,112 and revenue of \$2,766,112 for support provided by the State.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2024

#### NOTE J - PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions: The total pension liability was determined by applying procedures to the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023, used the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Valuation Date

June 30, 2022

Measurement Date

June 30, 2023

June 30, 2023

Actuarial Cost Method

Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining Amortization Period 30 years

Asset Valuation Method 20% of the difference between market value of assets is

recognized

Single Equivalent Interest Rate 7.10% Municipal Bond Index Rate 3.66% Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increase 3.00%-7.50%, including inflation

Investment Rate of Return 7.10%, net of pension plan investment expense,

including inflation

Post-retirement Benefit Increases 1.50% annually

Mortality rates were based on the Pub 2010 (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service, retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and active members. The actuarial assumptions used were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ending June 30, 2020, adopted by the board on September 20, 2021. The Municipal Bond Index Rate used for this purpose is the June average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2024

#### **NOTE J - PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED**

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

-	Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
	Large Cap U.S. Equity	35.4%	5.0%
	Small Cap U.S. Equity	2.6%	5.5%
	Developed International Equity	15.7%	5.5%
	Emerging Markets Equity	5.3%	6.1%
	Fixed Income	15.0%	1.9%
	High Yield Bonds	5.0%	3.8%
	Other Additional Categories	5.0%	3.6%
	Real Estate	7.0%	3.2%
	Private Equity	7.0%	8.0%
	Cash	_2.0%	1.6%
	Total	100.0%	

Discount Rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability as of the Measurement Date was 7.10 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB 67. We assumed that Plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and that Employer contributions will be made at the Actuarially Determined Contribution rates for all fiscal years in the future. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on a pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Pension plan fiduciary net position: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued KTRS financial report which is publically available at <a href="http://www.ktrs.ky.gov/">http://www.ktrs.ky.gov/</a>.

# COUNTY EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CERS)

# Plan Description

Classified employees (substantially all full-time Board employees other than certified employees) are covered by the County Employees' Retirement System (CERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Kentucky Retirement System. CERS provides for retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Cost of living adjustments are provided at the discretion of the State legislature. Under the provisions of the Kentucky Revised Statute Section 61.645, the Board of Trustees of Kentucky Retirement System administers CERS and has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions. The County Employees' Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Kentucky Retirement Systems, Perimeter Park West, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, Kentucky 40601 or at http://www.kyret.ky.gov.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2024

# **NOTE J - PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED**

#### Benefits Provided

The following is a description of the plan and its benefits and is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to the appropriate statutes for more complete information.

# **Retirement Benefit**

CERS is designed to provide three types of benefits: a monthly retirement benefit for life based on the employee's salary and service (the pension benefit), health insurance benefits after retirement, and disability/death benefits.

Monthly retirement benefits are based on a formula established by statute which is (final compensation x benefit factor x years of service credit). Participants hired before 8/1/04 have their monthly benefit calculated at the average of highest five years salary which must contain at least 48 months of service and includes lump-sum payments for compensatory time times 2.2% benefit factor times years of service credit. Participants hired after 8/1/04 but before 9/1/08 have a reduced benefit factor of 2.0%.

Participants hired after 9/1/08 have their monthly benefit calculated at the average of the five complete fiscal years immediately preceding retirement which must contain 60 months of service and does not include lump-sum payments for compensatory time. The benefit factor is 1.10% for 10 years or less of service, 1.30% for more than 10 years but no more than 20 years, 1.50% for greater than 20 years but no more than 26 years, 1.75% for greater than 26 years but no more than 30 years, and 2.00% for greater than 30 years.

At retirement, a retiree may choose to take a reduced monthly benefit in order to provide a monthly benefit to a beneficiary upon their death, either for a period certain or for the life of the beneficiary. The system also provides for a statutory 1.5% annual increase to monthly benefits after retirement, often referred to as the cost of living adjustment (COLA).

#### **Medical Insurance**

CERS also provides access to group rates on medical insurance for retired members, their spouse, and dependents. Coverage for retirees not eligible for Medicare is provided through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan the same health plan provided to state employees. Coverage for Medicare eligible retirees is provided through a plan administered by or contracted through the retirement systems which then coordinates with Medicare for delivery of health benefits.

As provided by state statute, CERS also subsidizes medical coverage for the retiree. In general, employees participating prior to 7/1/03 receive a percentage of the premium paid based upon service credit, while employees who begin participating after that date receive a set dollar amount for each year of service credit.

# **Disability and Death Benefits**

Like most defined benefit plans, CERS provides benefits for those employees who become disabled or who die prior to retirement. Participants have to have a minimum of 5 years of service to apply for disability benefits and approval determined by systems under criteria established by state statute. CERS also provides death before retirement and special death in the line of duty benefits. After retirement, the benefits left to the retiree's beneficiary vary based upon the payment option selected at retirement. In addition, CERS provides a \$5,000 lump sum death benefit for members who retire with at least 4 years of service.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2024

#### NOTE J - PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

#### **Contributions**

Plan members are required to contribute 5.00% of their annual salary if hired before September 1, 2008 and 6% if hired on or after September 1, 2008 through payroll deductions and the Board is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 23.34% of the employee's total covered compensation, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The District's contributions to CERS for the year ended June 30, 2024 was \$306,744, which consisted of \$247,621 from the District and \$59,123 from the employees.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

KTRS portion of GASB 68 changes will be reported by the State only and the district will not reflect any of those changes in their report but the district will fully comply with all changes of GASB 68 concerning CERS and disclose those changes within the report.

At June 30, 2024 the District reported a liability of \$2,059,892 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2023, the District's proportion was 0.032103%, which was a decrease of 0.000973% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized pension expense of \$138,432. At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	106,637	\$	5,597
Changes of assumptions		-		188,790
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments		222,527		250,625
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		84,716		51,801
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		247 <u>.621</u>		
Total	\$	661,501	\$	496,813

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2024

# NOTE J - PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

\$247,621 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:		
2025	\$	(9,416)
2026		(99,560)
2027		45,985
2028		(19,941)
2029		-
Thereafter	_	-
	\$_	(82,932)

# Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining the total pension liability as of June 30, 2023 are as follows:

Inflation	2.30%
Payroll Growth Rate	2.00% for CERS non-hazardous
Salary Increase	3.30% to 10.30%, varies by service for CERS non-hazardous
Investment Rate of Return	6.25% for CERS non-hazardous

System-specific mortality table based on mortality experience form 2013-2018 projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year 2019.

The long-term expected rate of return was determined by using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rate of returns are developed for each asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rate of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table below. The current long-term inflation assumption is 2.50% per annum for the non-hazardous plan.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Equity	60.00%	
Public Equity	50.00%	5.90%
Private Equity	10.00%	11.73%
Fixed Income	20.00%	
Core Bonds	10.00%	2.45%
Cash	0.00%	1.39%
Specialty Credit/High Yield	10.00%	3.65%

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2024

#### NOTE J - PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Inflation Protected	20.00%	
Real Estate	7.00%	4.99%
Real Return	13.00%	5.15%
Expected Real Rate	100.00%	5.75%
Long-Term Inflation Assum	<u>2.50%</u>	
Expected Nominal Retur	n for Portfolio	8.25%

#### Discount Rate

The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate of 6.50% for CERS non-hazardous and CERS Hazardous assumes that the funds receive the required employer contributions each future year, as determined by the current funding policy established in Statue as amended by House Bill 362 (passed in 2018) over the remaining 29 years (closed) amortization period of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. The discount rate determination does not use a municipal bond rate. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the Actual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR).

# Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability using the discount rate of 6.50%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower (5.50%) or one percentage-point higher (7.50%) than the current rate:

	1.0% Decrease (5.50%)	Current Discount Rate (6.50%)	1.0% Increase (7.50%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension			
liability	\$2,600,738	\$2,059,892	\$1,610,428

# Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued KRS 2023 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report at kyret.ky.gov.

# Payable to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2024, the District reported a payable of \$ -0- for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required for the year ended June 30, 2024.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2024

#### **NOTE K -- OPEB PLAN**

General Information about the OPEB plan

# COUNTY EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CERS) OPEB PLANS

# Plan Description and Benefits Provided

The Paintsville Independent School District participates in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS) Insurance Fund, a multiple-employer defined benefit Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) plan for members that cover all regular full-time members employed by the District. The plan provides for health insurance benefits to plan members. OPEB may be extended to beneficiaries of plan members under certain circumstances.

#### **Contributions**

The District's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2024, was 0.00 percent of covered payroll. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$14,476 for the year ended June 30, 2024.

# OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2024, the District reported a liability of \$(44,321), in which is considered an asset, for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability.

The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the District's share of covered payroll in the OPEB plan relative to the covered payroll of all participating OPEB employers. At June 30, 2023, the District's proportion was 0.032101%, which was a decrease of 0.000972% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$98,060. At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected And actual experience	\$ 30,898	\$ 629,311
Changes of assumptions	87,220	60,784
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on OPEB plan investments	82,945	93,231
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	41,568	46,496
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date  Total	14 476 \$ 257.107	<u>-</u> <u>\$ 829,822</u>

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2024

#### NOTE K - OPEB PLAN - CONTINUED

\$14,476 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2025.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

#### Year ended June 30:

	2025	\$ (153,539)
	2026	(177,591)
	2027	(130,821)
	2028	(125,241)
	2029	-
Thereafter		
		\$ <u>(587,192)</u>

# Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2023 are as follows:

Inflation	2.30%
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Payroll Growth Rate 2.00% for CERS non-hazardous

Salary Increase 3.30% to 10.30%, varies by service for CERS non-hazardous

Investment Rate of Return 6.25% for CERS non-hazardous

Healthcare Trend Rates
Pre - 65 Initial trend starting at 6.30% at January 1, 2023

Pre - 65 Initial trend starting at 6.30% at January 1, 2023, and gradually

decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 13 years.

Post - 65 Initial trend starting at 6.30% at January 1, 2023, and gradually

decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 13 years.

Mortality

Pre-retirement PUB-2010 General Mortality table, for the Non-Hazardous Systems,

projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement

scale using a base year of 2010.

Post-retirement (non-disabled) System-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-

2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 mortality

improvement scale using a base year of 2019.

Post-retirement (disabled) PUB-2010 Disabled Mortality table, with a 4-year set-forward for both

male and female rates, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-

2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010.

The long-term expected rate of return was determined by using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rate of returns are developed for each asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rate of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table below. The current long-term inflation assumption is 2.50% per annum for non-hazardous plan.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2024

# NOTE K - OPEB PLAN - CONTINUED

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Equity	60.00%	
Public Equity	50.00%	5.90%
Private Equity	10.00%	11.73%
Fixed Income	20.00%	
Core Bonds	10.00%	2.45%
Cash	0.00%	1.39%
Specialty Credit/High Yield	10.00%	3.65%
Inflation Protected	20.00%	
Real Estate	7.00%	4.99%
Real Return	13.00%	<u>5.15%</u>
Expected Real Rate	100.00%	5.75%
Long-Term Inflation Assumption		<u>2.50%</u>
<b>Expected Nominal Return for</b>	Portfolio	8.25%

# Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend

	Current Healthcare Cost		
	1.0% Decrease	Trend Rate	1.0% Increase
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB			
liability	\$ (142,056)	\$ (44,321)	\$75,738

# Discount Rate

Single discount rates of 5.93% for CERS non-hazardous insurance plan and 5.97% for the CERS hazardous insurance plan were used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2023. The single discount rates are based on the expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 6.50% and a municipal bond rate of 3.86%, as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" as of June 30, 2023. Based on the stated assumptions and the projection of cash flows as of each fiscal year ending, each plan's fiduciary net position and future contributions were projected separately and were sufficient to finance the future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on insurance plan investments was applied to all periods of the projected benefit payments paid from the plan. However, the cost associated with the implicit employer subsidy is not currently being included in the calculation of the plan's actuarially determined contributions, and it is our understanding that any cost associated with the implicit subsidy will not be paid out of the plan's trust. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to future expected benefit payments associated with the implicit subsidy.

The projection of cash flows used to determine the single discount rate must include an assumption regarding actual employer contributions made each future year. Future contributions are projected assuming that each participating employer in each insurance plan contributes the actuarially determined employer contribution each future year calculated in accordance with the current funding policy.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2024

#### NOTE K - OPEB PLAN - CONTINUED

# Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability using the discount rate of (5.93)%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower (4.93%) or one percentage-point higher (6.93%) than the current rate:

	1.0% Decrease (4.93%)	Current Discount Rate (5.93%)	1.0% Increase (6.93%)
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$83,173	\$ (44,321)	\$ (151,081)

# **OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued KRS 2023 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report at kyret.ky.gov

# KENTUCKY TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (KTRS) OPEB PLANS

Teaching-certified employees of the District are provided OPEBs through the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS) – a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the state. TRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the Kentucky Revised Statues (KRS). TRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <a href="https://trs.ky.gov/financial-reports-information">https://trs.ky.gov/financial-reports-information</a>.

The state reports a liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and expense as a result of its statutory requirement to contribute to the TRS Medical Insurance and Life Insurance Plans. The following information is about the TRS plans:

#### Medical Insurance Plan

Plan description – In addition to the OPEB benefits described above, Kentucky Revised Statue 161.675 requires TRS to provide post-employment healthcare benefits to eligible members and dependents. The TRS Medical Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the medical plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance and General Assembly.

Benefits provided – To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability. The TRS Medical Insurance Fund offers coverage to members under the age of 65 through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. TRS retired members are given a supplement to be used for payment of their health insurance premium. The amount of the member's supplement is based on a contribution supplement table approved by the TRS Board of Trustees. The retired member pays premiums in excess of the monthly supplement. Once retired members and eligible spouses attain age 65 and are Medicare eligible, coverage is obtained through the TRS Medicare Eligible Health Plan.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2024

#### NOTE K - OPEB PLAN - CONTINUED

Contributions - In order to fund the post-retirement healthcare benefit, seven and one-half percent (7.50%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed. Three and three quarter percent (3.75%) is paid by member contributions and three quarters percent (.75%) from state appropriation and three percent (3.00%) from the employer. The state contributes the net cost of health insurance premiums for members who retired on or after July 1, 2010 who are in the non-Medicare eligible group. Also, the premiums collected from retirees as described in the plan description and investment interest help meet the medical expenses of the plan.

# OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to KTRS Medical Insurance Plan

At June 30, 2024, the District reported a liability of \$1,576,000 for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability that reflected a reduction for state OPEB support provided to the District. The collective net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2023. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022. An expected total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2023 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the collective net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2023, the District's proportion was 0,119213%.

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$1,576,000
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the Net OPEB liability associated with the	
District	1,328,000
	\$2,904,000

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$(36,000). At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of <u>Resources</u>	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 534,000	
Changes of assumptions	358,000	-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments	29,000	-	
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	544,000	640,000	
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	122,574 \$_1,053,574	<u>\$.1,174,000</u>	

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2024

# NOTE K - OPEB PLAN - CONTINUED

Of the total amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, \$122,574 resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the fiscal year will be included as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows:

<u>Year</u>	
2025	\$ (99,000)
2026	(88,000)
2027	19,000
2028	15,000
2029	(35,000)
Thereafter	 (55,000)
	\$ (243,000)

Actuarial methods and assumptions For Health and Life - The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2023 was determined based on an actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2022, using the new actuarial assumptions adopted by the Board subsequent to the June 30, 2022 valuation based on the experience investigation for the fiveyear period ending June 30, 2022. The following actuarial assumptions are applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50%
Real wage growth	0.25%
Wage inflation	2.75%
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.00% - 7.50%
Long-term Investment Rate of Return, net OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation Health Trust Life Trust	7.10% 7.10%
Municipal Bond Index Rate	3.66%
Year FNP is projected to be depleted Health Trust Life Trust	N/A N/A
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of OPEB plan Investment expense, including price inflation Health Trust Life Trust	7.10% 7.10%
Lincolds Truck Lincolds Once Onet Transfer	

Health Trust Health Care Cost Trends

Medical Trend 6.75% for FYE 2023 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50% by FYE 2032

Medicare Part B Premiums 1.55% for FYE 2023 with an ultimate rate of

4.50% by 2034

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2024

#### NOTE K - OPEB PLAN - CONTINUED

Mortality rates were based on the Pub2010 (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service, retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and active members.

The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal, rates of plan participation, and rates of plan election used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience studies for the System, which covered the five-year period ending June 30, 2020, adopted by the Board on September 20, 2021.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends) used in the June 30, 2022 valuation of the Health Trust were based on a review of recent plan experience done currently with the June 30, 2022 valuation. The health care cost trend assumption was updated for the June 30, 2022 valuation and was shown as an assumption change in the total TOL liability roll forward, while the change in initial per capita claims costs were included with experience in the total TOL liability roll forward.

The long-term expected rate of return on Health Trust and Life Trust investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

#### Assumed asset allocation:

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

# Health Insurance Trust

Asset Class	Target <u>Allocation</u>	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Large Cap U.S. Equity	35.4%	5.0%
Small Cap U.S. Equity	2.6%	5.5%
Developed International Equity	15.0%	5.5%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.0%	6.1%
Fixed Income	9.0%	1.9%
High Yield Bonds	8.0%	3.8%
Other Additional Categories	9.0%	3.7%
Real Estate	6.5%	3.2%
Private Equity	8.5%	8.0%
Cash	<u>1.0%</u>	1.6%
Total	<u>100,0%</u>	

# Life Insurance Trust

Asset Class	Target <u>Allocation</u>	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return
US Equity	40.0%	5.2%
Developed International Equity	15.0%	5.5%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.0%	6.1%

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2024

#### NOTE K - OPEB PLAN - CONTINUED

Asset Class	Target <u>Allocation</u>	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Fixed Income	21.0%	1.9%
Other Additional Categories	5.0%	4.0%
Real Estate	7.0%	3.2%
Private Equity	5.0%	8.0%
Cash	<u>2.0%</u>	1.6%
Total	100,0%	

Discount rate ~ The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the employer contributions will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability of the System, calculated using the discount rate of 7.10%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10%) than the current rate:

	1.0% Decrease (6.10%)	Current Discount Rate (7.10%)	1.0% Increase <u>(8.10%)</u>
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$2,027,000	\$1,576,000	\$1,203,000

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates – The following presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1.0% Decrease	Current Trend Rate	1.0% Increase
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$1,134,000	\$1,576,000	\$2,125,000

OPEB plan fiduciary net position – Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

# Life Insurance Plan

Plan description – Life Insurance Plan – TRS administers the life insurance plan as provided by Kentucky Revised Statue 161.655 to eligible active and retired members. The TRS Life Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the life insurance plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees and the General Assembly.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2024

#### NOTE K - OPEB PLAN - CONTINUED

Benefits provided – TRS provides a life insurance benefit of five thousand dollars payable for members who retire based on service or disability. TRS provides a life insurance benefit of two thousand dollars payable for its active contributing members. The life insurance benefit is payable upon the death of the member to the member's estate or to a party designated by the member.

Contributions – In order to fund the post-retirement life insurance benefit, three hundredths of one percent (.03%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed by the state.

# OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to KTRS Life Insurance Plan

At June 30, 2024, the District did not report a liability for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability for life insurance benefits because the State of Kentucky provides the OPEB support directly to TRS on behalf of the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability

\$

Commonwealth's proportionate share of the Net OPEB liability associated with the District

33.000 33.000

The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022. An expected total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2023 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the actual liability of the employees and former employees relative to the total liability of the Commonwealth as determined by the actuary. At June 30, 2023, the District's proportion was 0.116461%.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$-0- and revenue of \$-0- for support provided by the state.

Actuarial methods and assumptions – The Actuarially Determined Contribution rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the indicated Valuation Date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the indicated actuarial valuations) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2023 for the Life Trust:

Valuation Date
Actuarial cost method
Amortization method
June 30, 2020
Entry Age Normal
Level Percent of Payroll

Remaining Amortization period 24 years

Asset valuation method Five-year smoothed value

Inflation 3.00%
Real wage growth 0.50%
Wage Inflation 3.50%

Salary increases, including wage

inflation 3.50% - 7.20%

Discount Rate 7.50%

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2024

#### NOTE K - OPEB PLAN - CONTINUED

Discount rate – The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability for life insurance was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the employer contributions will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

OPEB plan fiduciary net position – Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

#### Pavable to the OPEB Plan

At June 30, 2024, the District reported a payable of \$-0- for the outstanding amount of contributions to the OPEB plan required for the year ended June 30, 2024.

#### **NOTE L - CONTINGENCIES**

The District receives funding from federal, state and local government agencies and private contributions. These funds are to be used for designated purposes only. For government agency grants, if based upon the grantor's review, the funds are considered not to have been used for the intended purpose, the grantors may request a refund of monies advanced, or refuse to reimburse the District for its disbursements. The amount of such future refunds and unreimbursed disbursements, if any, is not expected to be significant. Continuation of the District's grant programs is predicated upon the grantors' satisfaction that the funds provided are being spent as intended and the grantors' intent to continue their programs.

# **NOTE M – LITIGATION**

The District is subject to various other legal actions in various stages of litigation, the outcome of which is not determinable at this time. Management of the District and its legal counsel do not anticipate that there will be any material effect on the combined financial statements as a result of the cases presently in progress, except as described elsewhere in this report.

### **NOTE N - INSURANCE AND RELATED ACTIVITIES**

The District is exposed to various forms of loss of assets associated with the risks of fire, personal liability, theft, vehicular accidents, errors and omissions, fiduciary responsibility, etc. Each of these risk areas is covered through the purchase of commercial insurance. The District has purchased certain policies which are retrospectively rated which includes Workers' Compensation insurance.

#### NOTE O - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss of torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. To obtain insurance for workers' compensation, errors and omissions, and general liability coverage, the District participates in the Kentucky School Boards' Insurance Trust Liability Insurance Fund. These public entity risk pools operate as common risk management and insurance programs for all school districts and other tax supported educational agencies of Kentucky who are members of the Kentucky School Boards Association. The District pays an annual premium to each fund for coverage. Contributions to the Workers' Compensation Fund are based on premium rates established by such fund in conjunction with the excess insurance carrier, subject to claims experience modifications and a group discount amount. Dividends may be declared, but are not payable until twenty-four (24) months after the expiration of the self-insurance term. The Liability Insurance Fund pays insurance premiums of the participating members established by the insurance carrier. The Trust can terminate

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2024

# NOTE O - RISK MANAGEMENT - CONTINUED

coverage if it is unable to obtain acceptable excess general liability coverage and for any reason by giving ninety (90) days notice. In the event the Trust terminated coverage, any amount remaining in the Fund (after payment of operational and administrative costs and claims for which coverage was provided) would be returned to the member on a pro rata basis.

The District purchases unemployment insurance through the Kentucky School Boards Insurance Trust Unemployment Compensation Fund; however, risk has not been transferred to such fund. In addition, the District continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### NOTE P - DEFICIT OPERATING BALANCES

The Business-Type Activities (Proprietary Fund) had a deficit net position of \$377,446 during the current year due to the recording of GASB 68 pensions and GASB 75 OPEB. There are no other funds of the District that currently have a deficit fund balance. However, the following fund had operations that resulted in a current year deficit of revenues over expenditures resulting in a corresponding reduction of fund balance:

General Fund	\$ 54,621
FSPK Fund	\$ 300,372
Proprietary Fund	\$ 222,424

#### **NOTE Q - COBRA**

Under COBRA, employers are mandated to notify terminated employees of available continuing insurance coverage. Failure to comply with this requirement may put the school district at risk for a substantial loss (contingency).

#### NOTE R-TRANSFER OF FUNDS

The following transfers were made during the year:

<u>Type</u>	From Fund	To Fund	<u>Purpose</u>	_Amount
Operating	General General	Construction Food Service	Construction Cover Shortage	\$ 500,000 \$ 56,000
Operating Operating	FSPK	Debt Service	Debt Service	\$ 620,988
Operating	General	Special Revenue	Other	\$ 13,990
Operating	Capital Outlay	<b>Debt Service</b>	Debt Service	\$ 75,659
Operating	General	District Activity	Other	\$ 5,700
Operating	Debt Service	Construction	Construction	\$ 2,617,398
Operating	FSPK	Construction	Construction	\$ 448,077

# NOTE S - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

There was no interfund receivables or payables at June 30, 2024.

#### **NOTE T - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

The COVID-19 outbreak in the United States has caused disruption through limited district activities. While the disruption is currently expected to be temporary, there is considerable uncertainty around the duration of the disruption. At this time, the District is uncertain on the disruption's impact on its operating results.

Subsequent events were considered through October 14, 2024, which represents the release date of our report.

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

**GENERAL FUND** 

For the year ended June 30, 2024

		l Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable
_	Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	(Unfavorable)
Revenues:				
From local sources				
Taxes	<b>A - - - -</b>		•	
Property	\$ 2,437,381	\$ 2,437,381	\$ 2,083,252	\$ (354,129)
Motor vehicle	145,000	145,000	176,798	31,798
Utilities	450,000	450,000	460,643	10,643
Tuition and fees	-	-	349	349
Earnings on investments	5,000	5,000	260,742	255,742
Other local revenues	6,000	6,000	11,298	5,298
Intergovernmental - state	4,933,776	5,087,546	5,868,218	780,672
Intergovernmental - indirect federal	2,000	2,000	47,363	45,363
Total revenues	7,979,157	8,132,927	8,908,663	775,736
Expenditures:				
Instruction	4,606,333	4,606,333	5,094,093	(487,760)
Support services:				
Student	324,518	324,518	318,045	6,473
Instructional staff	431,262	473,200	428,671	44,529
District administrative	1,952,317	2,064,149	647,334	1,416,815
School administrative	558,415	558,415	486,467	71,948
Business	282,928	282,928	293,636	(10,708)
Plant operation and maintenance	969,237	969,237	947,382	21,855
Student transportation	203,260	203,260	126,040	77,220
Central office	-	-	-	-
Facilities acquisition and construction	-	-	-	-
Community service activities	-	-	-	-
Other	45,947	45,947	45,926	21
Total expenditures	9,374,217	9,527,987	8,387,594	1,140,393
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures	(1,395,060)	(1,395,060)	521,069	1,916,129
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Proceeds from the sale of fixed assets	_	_	_	_
Operating transfers in	_	_	_	_
Operating transfers out	(15,000)	(15,000)	(575,690)	(560,690)
Operating transfers out		(10,000)	(070,000)	(300,030)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(15,000)	(15,000)	(575,690)	(560,690)
Net change in fund balance	(1,410,060)	(1,410,060)	(54,621)	1,355,439
Fund balance, July 1, 2023	1,410,060	1,410,060	1,461,062	51,002
Fund balance, June 30, 2024	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,406,441	\$ 1,406,441

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -  $\operatorname{\mathsf{BUDGET}}$  AND ACTUAL

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

For the year ended June 30, 2024

				Variances with Final Budget
		I Amounts	Actual	Favorable
Bayanyaay	Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	(Unfavorable)
Revenues:	\$ -	\$ -	f 142246	m 442.246
Earnings on investments Other local revenue	40,000	ъ - 70,398	\$ 113,346 49,554	\$ 113,346
State aid	40,000 421,778	70,398 514,910	•	(20,844)
Federal aid	•	•	393,484	(121,426)
rederal alu	860,710	2,373,634	1,521,884	(851,750)
Total revenues	1,322,488	2,958,942	2,078,268	(880,674)
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction	1,128,490	1,279,978	1,659,214	(379,236)
Support Services:	70 700	70.070	70.070	
Student	72,702	72,673	72,673	(07.550)
Instructional staff	54,565	54,565	82,123	(27,558)
District administration School administration	-	-	-	-
School administration Business	-	•	-	-
Plant operations and maintenance	•	1,500,000	- 151,724	1,348,276
Student transportation	-	1,500,000	53,081	
Central office	-	-	33,001	(53,081)
Community services activities	81,731	81,731	73,443	8,288
Total expenditures	1,337,488	2,988,947	2,092,258	896,689
Excess of (deficit) revenues over expenditures	(15,000)	(30,005)	(13,990)	16,015
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers in	15,000	13,990	13,990	-
Transfers out	-	-	-	_
Total other financing sources (uses)	15,000	13,990	13,990	
Net change in fund balance	-	(16,015)	•	16,015
Fund balance July 1, 2023			<del></del>	•
Fund balance June 30, 2024	\$ -	\$ (16,015)	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 16,015

# SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICTS PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

JUNE 30, 2024

000	6/30/2015	6/30/2016	6/30/2017	6/30/2018	6/30/2019	6/30/2020	6/30/2021	6/30/2022	6/30/2023	6/30/2024	
CERS: District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.042352%	0.039875%	0.037787%	0.035563%	0.034363%	0.033348%	0.031395%	0.029354%	0.033076%	0.032103%	
Districts proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 1,374,000	\$ 1,714,429	\$ 1,860,491	\$ 2,081,612	\$ 2,092,811	\$ 2,345,380	\$ 2,407,971	\$ 1,871,548	\$ 2,391,069	\$ 2,059,892	
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 930,475	\$ 899,302	\$ 866,348	\$ 851,720	\$ 841,335	\$ 803,561	\$ 750,593	\$ 916,089	\$ 928,854	\$ 1,060,931	
District's proportionate share of the net pension tiability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	147.67%	190.64%	214.75%	244.40%	248.75%	291.87%	320.81%	204.29%	257.42%	194.16%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	66.80%	60.00%	55.50%	53.30%	53.54%	50.45%	47.81%	57.33%	52.42%	57.48%	
KTRS: District's proportion of net pension liability	0.1359%	0.1262%	0.1301%	0.1294%	0.1265%	0.1261%	0.1194%	0.1149%	0.1187%	0.1222%	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
State of Kentucky's share of the net pension liability associated with the district Total	27.929,557 \$ 27,929,557	29,362,234 \$ 29,362,234	38,388,195 \$ 38,388,195	34,926,734 \$ 34,926,734	16,570,644 \$ 16,570,644	17,206,735 \$ 17,206,735	16,918,993 \$ 16,918,993	14.947,462 \$ 14,947,462	20,117,329 \$ 20,117,329	20,825.240 \$20,825,240	
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 4,290,007	\$ 4,072,694	\$ 4,288,142	\$ 4,293,102	\$ 4,353,215	\$ 4,371,831	\$ 4,142,331	\$ 3,946,031	\$ 4,339,713	\$ 4,861,489	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	000%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	45.59%	44.70%	57.04%	39.80%	59.30%	58.80%	58.27%	65.59%	56.41%	57.68%	

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year end.

#### SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS

JUNE 30, 2024

0.00	6/30/2015	6/30/2016	6/30/2017	6/30/2018	6/30/2019	6/30/2020	6/30/2021	6/30/2022	6/30/2023	6/30/2024
CERS: Contractually required contribution	\$ 118,636	\$ 111,693	\$ 120,856	\$ 123,329	\$ 136,465	\$ 155,087	\$ 144,865	\$ 193,934	\$ 217,352	\$ 247,621
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	118,636_	111,693	120,856	123,329	136,465	155,087	144,865	193,934	217,352	247,621
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>s</u>	<u> </u>	<u>\$</u>	<u> </u>	\$ -	<u> </u>				
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 930,475	\$ 899,302	\$ 866,348	\$ 851,720	\$ 841,335	\$ 803,561	\$ 750,593	\$ 916,089	\$ 928,854	\$1,060,931
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	12.75%	12.42%	13.95%	14.48%	16.22%	19.30%	19.30%	21.17%	23.40%	23.34%
KTRS: Contractually required contributions (actuarially determined)	<b>\$</b> -	<b>\$</b> -	\$ -	\$ -	<b>\$</b> -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ -
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions						<u> </u>		<u>-</u>		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$	\$ -	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ -	\$ -	\$	<u> </u>
Covered employee payroll	\$4,290,007	\$4,072,694	\$4,288,142	\$4,293,102	\$4,353,215	\$4,371,831	\$4,142,331	\$3,946,031	\$4,339,713	\$4,861,489
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

# SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPE8 L!ABILITY

JUNE 30, 2024

	 6/30/2018 6/30/2019		6/30/2019	6/30/2020			6/30/2021	 6/30/2022	 6/30/2023	6/30/2024		
CERS - INSURANCE FUND: District's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset)	0.035563%		0.034362%		0.033339%		0.031386%	0.029348%	0.033073%		0.032101%	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ 714,938	\$	610,090	\$	560,747	\$	757,876	\$ 561,853	\$ 652,700	\$	(44,321)	
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 851,720	\$	841,335	\$	803,561	\$	750,593	\$ 916,089	\$ 928,854	\$	1,060,931	
Districts proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	83.94%		72.51%		69.78%		100.97%	61.33%	70.26%		(4.77%)	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	52.40%		57.62%		60.44%		51.67%	62.91%	60.95%		104.23%	
KTRS - MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN: District's proportion of net OPEB liability	0.124959%		0.122690%		0.122722%		0.116309%	0.111954%	0.114899%		0.119213%	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 2,452.000	\$	2,287,000	\$	1,987,000	\$	1,630,000	\$ 1,326,000	\$ 2,147,000	\$	1,576,000	
State of Kentucky's share of the net OPEB liability associated with the district TOTAL	\$ 2,003,000 4,455,000	\$	1,970,000 4,257,000	\$	1,605,000 3,592,000	\$	1,306,000 2,936,000	\$ 1,077,000 2,403,000	\$ 705,000 2,852,000	\$	1,328,000 2,904,000	
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 4,293,102	\$	4,353,215	\$	4,371,831	\$	4,142,331	\$ 3,946,031	\$ 4,339,713	\$	4,861,489	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-payroll	57.11%		52.54%		45.45%		39.35%	33.60%	49.47%		32.42%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	21.18%		25.50%		32.58%		39.05%	51.74%	47.75%		52.97%	

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

# SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2024

	6/30/2018	6/30/2019	6/30/2020	6/30/2021	6/30/2022	6/30/2023	6/30/2024	
KTRS - LIFE INSURANCE PLAN: District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.122083%	0.119908%	0.119957%	0.113741%	0.109439%	0.112823%	0.116461%	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District Total	27,000 \$ 27,000	34,000 \$ 34,000	37,000 \$ 37,000	39,000 \$ 39,000	14,000 \$ 14,000	35,000 \$ 35,000	33,000 \$ 33,000	
District's covered payroll	\$ 4,293,102	\$ 4,353,215	\$ 4,371,831	\$ 4,142,331	\$ 3,946,031	\$ 4,339,713	\$ 4,861,489	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	79.99%	75.00%	73.40%	71.57%	89.15%	73.97%	76.91%	

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

#### SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS

JUNE 30, 2024

CEDS INCUDANCE FUND.	6/30/2018		6/30/2019		6/30/2020		6/30/2021		6/30/2022		6/30/2023		6/30/2024	
CERS- INSURANCE FUND: Contractually required contribution	\$	48,769	\$	54,096	\$	50,290	\$	54,328	\$	71,439	\$	55,020	\$	14,476
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		48,769		54,096_		50,290		54,328		71,439		55,020		14,476
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	<del></del>	\$		<u>\$</u>		\$		\$	-	\$		<u>\$</u> _	-
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	851,720	\$	841,335	\$	803,561	\$	750,593	\$	916,089	\$	928,854	\$	1,060,931
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		5.72%		6.43%		6.26%		7.24%		7.79%		5.92%		1.36%
KTRS - MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN: Contractually required contributions (actuarially determined)	\$	117,835	\$	117,386	\$	118,221	\$	114,051	\$	109,661	\$	114,757	\$	122,574
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions		117,835		117,386		118,221		114,051		109,661		114,757		122,574
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		<u>\$</u> _	
Covered employee payroll	\$	4,293,102	\$	4,353,215	\$	4,371,831	\$	4,142,331	\$	3,946,031	\$	4,339,713	\$	4,861,489
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		2.74%		2.70%		2.70%		2.75%		2.77%		2.64%		2.52%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

# SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2024

		6/30/2018		6/30/2019		6/30/2020	6/30/2021	6/30/2022	6/30/2023		6/30/2024	
KTRS - LIFE INSURANCE PLAN: Contractually required contribution	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	_	<u>-</u>		<u> </u>	_		 	 *			<u></u>	<del>-</del>
Contribution deficiency (excess)		-		-		-	-	-		-		-
District's covered payroll	\$	4,293,102	\$	4,353,215	\$	4,371,831	\$ 4,142,331	\$ 3,946,031	\$	4,339,713	\$ 4.	861,489
District's contributions as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		0.00%		0.00%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CERS)

For the year ended June 30, 2024

#### **NOTE A - GENERAL INFORMATION**

### **Contributions**

Contractually required employer contributions reported on the Schedule of Pension Contributions exclude the portion of contributions paid to CERS but allocated to the insurance fund of the CERS. The insurance contributions are reported on the Schedule of OPEB Contributions.

#### **Payroll**

The District's covered payroll reported on the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and the Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability Schedules is one year prior to the District's fiscal year payroll as reported on the Schedule of Contributions for Pension and OPEB.

# NOTE B - CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS

# June 30, 2023 - Pension and OPEB - Non-hazardous

The following change in assumptions was made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2023 for OPEB:

• The initial healthcare trend rate for pre-65 was 6.30% at January 1, 2023, which gradually decreases to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 13 years. The initial healthcare trend rate for post-65 was 6.30% at January 1, 2023, which gradually decreases to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 13 years.

There were no changes in assumptions made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2023, for pension.

#### June 30, 2022 - Pension and OPEB - Non-hazardous

The following change in assumptions was made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2022, for OPEB:

• The initial healthcare trend rate for pre-65 was 6.40% at January 1, 2022, which gradually decreases to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 14 years. The initial healthcare trend rate for post-65 was 6.30% at January 1, 2022, which gradually decreases to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 13 years.

There were no changes in assumptions made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2022, for pension.

# June 30, 2021 - Pension and OPEB - Non-hazardous

The following change in assumptions was made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2021, for OPEB:

• The initial healthcare trend rate for pre-65 was changed from 6.40% to 6.30%, which gradually decreases to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 13 years. The initial healthcare trend rate for post-65 was changed from 2.90% to 6.30%, which gradually decreases to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 13 years.

There were no changes in assumptions made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2021, for pension.

# NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CERS)

For the year ended June 30, 2024

# NOTE B - CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS - CONTINUED

#### June 30, 2020 - Pension and OPEB - Non-hazardous

The following change in assumptions was made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2020, for OPEB:

• The initial healthcare trend rate for pre-65 was changed from 7% to 6.40%, which gradually decreases to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 14 years. The initial healthcare trend rate for post-65 was changed from 5% to 2.90%, which increases to 6.30% in 2023 and then gradually decreases to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 14 years.

There were no changes in assumptions made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2020, for pension.

# June 30, 2019 - Pension and OPEB - Non-hazardous

The following changes in assumptions were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2019, for both pension and OPEB:

• The assumed rate of salary increases was increased from 3.05% to 3.3% to 10.3% on average.

#### June 30, 2018 – Pension and OPEB – Non-hazardous

There were no changes in assumptions made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2018, for either pension or OPEB.

#### June 30, 2017 - Pension - Non-hazardous

The following changes in assumptions were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2017:

- The assumed rate of return was deceased from 7.5% to 6.25%.
- The assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 2.3%.
- Payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4% to 2%.

# June 30, 2016 - Pension and OPEB - Non-hazardous

There were no changes in assumptions made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2016, for either pension or OPEB.

#### June 30, 2015 - Pension - Non-hazardous

The following changes in assumptions were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2015:

- The assumed rate of return was decreased from 7.75% to 7.5%.
- The assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.5% to 3.25%.
- The assumed rate of wage inflation was reduced from 1% to .75%.
- Payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.5% to 4%.
- Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (multiplied by 50% for males and 30% for females).

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CERS)

For the year ended June 30, 2024

#### NOTE B - CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS - CONTINUED

- For healthy retired members and beneficiaries, the mortality table used is the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 1 year for females).
- For Disabled members, the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 4 years for males) is used for the period after disability retirement.
- The assumed rates of retirement, withdrawal, and disability were updated to reflect experience more accurately.

#### June 30, 2014 - Pension - Non-hazardous

There were no changes in assumptions made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2014.

#### June 30, 2013 - Pension - Non-hazardous

The following assumptions were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the initial valuation performed as of June 30, 2013:

- The assumed rate of return was 7.75%.
- The assumed rate of inflation was 3.5%.
- The assumed rate of wage inflation was 1%.
- Payroll growth assumption was 4.5%.
- Mortality rates were based on the 1983 Group Annuity Mortality Table for all retired members and beneficiaries as of June 30, 2006. The 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table was used for all other members.

#### NOTE C - CHANGES OF BENEFITS

During the 2018 legislative session, House Bill 185 was enacted, which updated the benefit provisions for active members who die in the line of duty. Benefits paid to the spouses of deceased members have been increased from 25% of the member's final rate of pay to 75% of the member's average pay. If the member does not have a surviving spouse, benefits paid to the surviving dependent children have been increased from 10% of the member's final pay rate to 50% of average pay for one child, 65% of average pay for two children, or 75% of average pay for three children. The Total Pension Liability as of June 30, 2019 is determined using these updated benefit provisions.

Senate Bill 169 passed during the 2021 legislative session and increased the disability benefits for qualified members who become "totally and permanently disabled" as a result of a duty-related disability. The minimum disability benefit increased from 25% of the member's monthly final rate of pay to 75% of the member's monthly average pay. The insurance premium for the member, the member's spouse, and the member's dependent children shall also be paid in full by the System. For non-hazardous members to be eligible for this benefit, they must be working in a position that could be certified as a hazardous position. There were no other material plan provision changes since the prior valuation.

# NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (TRS)

#### NOTE A - CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS

In the 2020 valuation, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability, mortality and salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. The expectation of mortality was changed to the Pub-2010 Mortality Tables (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set forwards, setbacks and adjustments for each of the groups: service retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees and

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (TRS)

For the year ended June 30, 2024

#### NOTE A - CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS - CONTINUED

actives. The assumed long-term investment rate of return was changed from 7.5% to 7.1% and the price inflation assumption was lowered from 3% to 2.5%.

In 2019, valuation on the salary increase was reduced to 3.5% - 7.3% from 4.0% - 8.2%.

In 2018, the calculation of Single Equivalent Interest Rate resulted in an assumption change from 4.49% to 7.50%.

In 2017, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate resulted in an assumption change from 4.20% to 4.49%

In the 2016 valuation, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability, mortality and rates of salary increases were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In the 2016 valuation and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 Mortality Tables projected to 2025 with projection scale BB, set forward two years for males and one year for females rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Tables projected to 2020 with projection scales AA, which was used prior to 2016.

In the 2011 valuation, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In the 2011 valuation and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 Mortality Tables projected to 2020 with projection scale AA, set back one year for females rather than the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Tables which was used prior to 2016. For the 2011 valuation through the 2013 valuation, an interest smoothing methodology was used to calculate liabilities for purposes of determining the actuarially determined contributions.

# NOTE B - METHOD AND ASSUMPTIONS USED IN CALCULATIONS OF ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTIONS

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, three years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine contribution rates reported in the most recent year of the schedule:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry age normal

Amortization Method Level percentage of payroll

Amortization Period (closed) 24 years

Asset Valuation Method 5-year smoothed value

Real Wage Growth 0.50 percent
Wage Inflation 3.00 percent

Salary Increases, including Wage Inflation 3.50 – 7.20 percent

Discount Rate 7.50 percent

#### NOTE C - CHANGES OF BENEFITS

A new benefit tier was added for members joining the system on and after January 1, 2022.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (TRS)

For the year ended June 30, 2024

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY

#### NOTE A - CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS

#### 2017

There were no changes in assumptions.

#### 2018

There were no changes in assumptions.

#### NOTE A - CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS - CONTINUED

#### 2019

There were no changes in assumptions.

#### 2020

Health care cost trend rates were updated for the June 30, 2019 valuation.

#### 2021

There were no changes in assumptions.

#### 2022

There were no changes in assumptions.

#### 2023

The healthcare trend rates, as well as the TRS 4 retirement decrements, were updated to reflect future anticipated experience.

# NOTE B - METHOD AND ASSUMPTIONS USED IN CALCULATIONS OF ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTIONS

Methods and assumptions used in the actuarially determined contributions – The actuarially determined contribution rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the actuarially determined contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as the of the indicated valuation date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the indicated actuarial valuations) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2022:

Valuation Date

Actuarial Cost Method

Amortization Method

Amortization Period

Asset Valuation Method

June 30, 2022

Entry Age Normal

Level Percent of Payroll

21 years, Closed

Five-year smoothed value

Inflation 2.50% Real Wage Growth 0.25% Wage Inflation 2.75%

Salary Increases, Including

Wage Inflation 3.0% - 7.5% Discount Rate 7.10%

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (TRS) SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY

For the year ended June 30, 2024

# NOTE B - METHOD AND ASSUMPTIONS USED IN CALCULATIONS OF ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTIONS - CONTINUED

Healthcare Cost Trends

Medical Trend 6.75% for FY 2023 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50% by FY

2032

Medicare Part B Premiums 1.55% for FY 2023 with an ultimate rate of 4.50% by 2034

#### NOTE C - CHANGES OF BENEFITS

Changes of benefit tenns (June 30, 2018) — With the passage of House Bill 471, the eligibility for non-single subsidies (NSS) for the KEHP-participating members who retired prior to July 1, 2010 is restored, but the state will only finance, via its KEHP "Shared Responsibility" contributions, the costs of the NSS related to those KEHP-participating members who retired on or after July 1, 2010.

Benefit changes, which are reflected immediately, will increase OE, if there is a benefit improvement for existing Plan members, or decrease OE, if there is a benefit reduction. For the year ended June 30, 2023, there was no benefit change to be recognized.

# **COMBINING STATEMENTS – NONMAJOR FUNDS**

# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2024

	FSPK Fund		Debt Service Fund		District Activity Fund		School Activity Fund		SEEK Capital Outlay Fund		Gov	Total lonmajor vernmental Funds
Assets and Resources:												
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivables	\$	292,246 <u>-</u>	\$	453 	\$	16,474 -	\$	68,230 17,369	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	377,403 17,369
Total assets and resources	\$	292,246		453	\$	16,474	\$	85,599	_\$	-	\$	394,772
Liabilities and Fund Balances: Liabilities:												
Accounts payable	_\$	-	_\$	-	\$	-	_\$_	2,025	\$		_\$_	2,025
Total liabilities				-		~		2,025		-		2,025
Fund Balances: Restricted For:												
SFCC Escrows		292,246		-		-		-		-		292,246
Debt Service		-		453		-		-		-		453
District activity		-		-		16,474		-		-		16,474
School activity								83,574		-		83,574
Total fund balances		292,246		453		16,474		83,574				392,747
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	292,246	\$	453	\$	16,474	\$	85,599	\$	-	\$	394,772

See independent auditor's report and accompanying notes to financial statements.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the year ended June 30, 2024

	FSPK Fund	Debt Service Fund	District Activity Fund	School Activity Fund	SEEK Capital Outlay Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues:						
From local sources						
Taxes:	\$ 279,499	•	•	•	<b>\$</b> -	\$ 279,499
Property Earnings on investments	\$ 279,499	\$ - 453	\$ -	\$ - 4.212	<b>3</b> -	\$ 279,499 4.665
Other local revenues	-	455	-	357,060	_	357,060
Intergovernmental - state	489,194	138,294	_	-	75,659	703,147
Intergovernmental - indirect federal		102,572				102,572
Total revenues	768,693	241,319	-	361,272	75,659	1,446,943
Expenditures:						
Instruction	-	-	1,469	216,136	-	217,605
Support services:						
Student	-	-	-	-	-	-
Instructional staff Direct administrative	_	-	-	-	-	-
School administrative	-	-	_	-		_
Business	<u>-</u>	-	_	_	-	_
Plant operation and maintenance	-	-	-	-	_	-
Student transportation	-	_	_	10,169	_	10,169
Central office	-	-	-	-	-	-
Facilities and construction	-	-	-	-	-	-
Community service activities	-	-	-	-	-	•
Other		972,863		128,607		1,101,470
Total expenditures		972,863	1,469	354,912		1,329,244
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures	768,693	(731,544)	(1,469)	6,360	75,659	117,699
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Bond proceeds	-	2,652,748	-	-	-	2,652,748
Operating transfers in	-	696,647	5,700	-		702,347
Operating transfers out	(1,069,065)	(2,617,398)	-	-	(75,659)	(3,762,122)
Non operating transfers in	-	-	-	-	-	-
Non operating transfers out	<del></del>					
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,069,065)	731,997	5,700		(75,659)	(407,027)
Net change in fund balance	(300,372)	453	4,231	6,360	-	(289,328)
Fund balance, July 1, 2023	592,618		12,243	77,214		682,075
Fund balance, June 30, 2024	\$ 292,246	<u>\$453</u>	\$ 16,474	\$ 83, <u>5</u> 74	<u>\$</u> _	\$ 392,747

See independent auditor's report and accompanying notes to financial statements.

# OTHER COMBINING STATEMENTS AND SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS

# STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND DUE TO STUDENTS/GROUPS

# PAINTSVILLE ELEMENTARY SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUND

For the year ended June 30, 2024

	Cash Balance by 1, 2023	F	Receipts	Dis	bursements_	<u> </u>	ransfers	Cash Balance e 30, 2024	Red	counts ceivable 30, 2024	Pa	counts ayable 30, 2024	S &	Due to students Others e 30, 2024
School Activity And Projects Funds Athletic Fund Sweep Account	\$ 17,259 17,899 220	\$	96,183 51,226	\$	98,613 31,449 -	\$	4,322 (4,322)	\$ 19,151 33,354 220	\$	- - -	\$	613 - -	\$	18,538 33,354 220
Totals	\$ 35,378	\$	147 <u>.</u> 409	\$	130,062	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 52,725	\$		\$	613	\$	52,112

# STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND DUE TO STUDENTS/GROUPS

# PAINSTIVLLE HIGH SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUND

For the year ended June 30, 2024

	Cash Balance July 1, 2023	Receipts	Disbursements	Transfers	Cash Balance June 30, 2024	Accounts Receivable June 30, 2024	Accounts Payable June 30, 2024	Due to Students & Others June 30, 2024	
Academic Boosters	\$ 137	<b>\$</b> 1,262	\$ 934	<b>\$</b> -	<b>\$</b> 465	\$ <del>-</del>	\$ -	<b>\$</b> 465	
AP Exams	1,954	-	-	(1,500)	454	2,640	1,412	1,682	
Athletic Fund	11,071	94,360	90,980	(7,651)	6,800	· <del>-</del>	. 0	6,800	
Band Booster Club	-	11,805	11,159	(376)	270	-	0	270	
Beta Club	821	965	1,330	`-	456		-	456	
Cheer Varsity	1,196	13,882	12,358	-	2,720	-	-	2,720	
Class of 2023	2,827	-	-	(2,827)		-	-	-	
Class of 2024	4,901	330	1,341	(3,504)	386	2,500	-	2,886	
Class of 2025	-	3,745	175	(3,200)	370	3,200	-	3,570	
Class of 2026	210	2,199	850	(1,057)	502	500	•	1,002	
Class of 2027	848	-	_	-	848	=	=	848	
Class of 2028	69	-	-	-	69	-	-	69	
CWTP	-	140	139	-	1	-	-	1	
ESPYS	-	192		-	192	-	-	192	
FACS	70	-	-	-	70	-	-	70	
FCA	504	-	-	(504)	-	-	-	-	
Fees	1,029	-	-	(1,029)	-	1,029	-	1,029	
Field Day	379	332	3,583	2,872	-	-	-	-	
General	304	56,872	90,012	33,097	261	3,500	-	3,761	
Library Media Center	-	99	-	-	99	=	-	99	
MC CMPS	25	2,401	1,724	-	702	=	-	702	
PHS Cheer	55	-	•	-	55	-	-	55	
Project Graduation	152	-	-	(152)	-	-	-	-	
Project Prom	6,521	7,550	5,965	(8,100)	6	2,000	-	2,006	
Pride Club	472	-	-	(472)	-	-	-	-	
Staff Pop	5,113	360	1,960	(3,214)	299	•	-	299	
Student Council	1,382	-	-	(1,000)	382	1,000	-	1,382	
Sweep Account	30	-	-	-	30	•	-	30	
Theatre	383	_	-	(383)	-	-	-	-	
Yearbook	1,383		315	(1,000)	68	1,000		1,068	
Totals	\$ 41,836	\$ 196,494	\$ 222,825	\$ -	\$ 15,505	\$ 17,369	\$ 1,412	\$ 31,462	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND DUE TO STUDENTS/GROUPS

SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUND

For the year ended June 30, 2024

	Cash Balance July 1, 2023		Disbursements		Transfers		Cash Balance June 30, 2024		Accounts Receivable June 30, 2024		Accounts Payable June 30, 2024		Students & Others June 30, 2024	
High School Paintsville	\$ 41,836	\$ 196,494	\$	222,825	\$	-	\$	15,505	\$	17,369	\$	1,412	\$	31,462
Elementary School Paintsville Totals	\$ 35,378 77,214	147,409 \$ 343,903	<u>\$</u>	130,062 352,887	\$	-	\$	52,725 68,230	\$	17,369	\$	613 2,025	\$	52,112 83,574

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

# DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

For the year ended June 30, 2024

To the year ended durie 50, 2024	Issue of2023 2nd Series		Issue of2023 1st Series	Issue of 2020 Refunding		Issue of 2018 Refunding		QZAB Series 2012		Issue of 2012		s	Total Debt ervice Funds
Revenues:													
Earning on investments	•	453	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	453
Intergovernmental - state	6,	094	-		66,987		15,968		-		49,245		138,294
Intergovernmental - federal		<u>-</u>						1	02,572				102,572_
Total revenues	6,	547	-		66,987		15,968	10	02,572		49,245		241,319
Expenditures:													
Current:													
Bond principal		-	10,000		185,000		50,000	8	38,917	2	45,000		578,917
Bond interest	54,	469	43,370		27,000		56,762	10	08,772		68,223		358,596
Bond costs	35,	350							-				35,350
Total expenditures	89	819	53,370		212,000		106,762	19	97,689	3	13,223		972,863
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures	(83,	272)	(53,370)		(145,013)		(90,794)	(	95,117)	(2	63,978)		(731,544)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):													
Bond Proceeds	2,652,	748	-		-		-		-		-	2,	652,748
Operating transfers in	48,	375	53,370		145,013		90,794	9	95,117	2	63,978		696,647
Operating transfers out	(2,617,	398)	-		-		-		-		-	(2,	(617,398
Non operating transfers in		•	-		•		-		-		-		-
Non operating transfers out									-				
Total otherfinancing sources (uses)	83,	725	53,370		145,013		90,794		95,117	2	63,978		731,997
Net change in fund balance		453	-		-		-		-		-		453
Fund balance, July 1, 2023											<u>-</u>		<u>- '</u>
Fund balance, June 30, 2024	\$	453	\$ -	<u>\$</u>		\$	<u>-</u>	\$	_	\$	-	\$	453

See independent auditor's report and accompanying notes to financial statements.

# PAINTSVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the year ended June 30, 2024

FEDERAL GRANTOR/ PASS - THROUGH GRANTOR/ PROGRAM OR CLUSTER TITLE	Federal Assistance Listing <u>Number</u>	Pass - Through Grantor's <u>Number</u>	Federal <u>Expenditures</u>
<u>U.S. DEPT. OF AGRICULTURE</u> Passed Through State Dept. of Education:			
CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER  National School Lunch Program	10.555	7750002 23 7750002 24 9980000 23	\$ 46,284 269,869 27,818 343,971
Passed Through State Dept. of Agriculture: Food Donation (In-Kind Commodities)	10.555	1006	33,039
School Breakfast Program	10.553	7760005 23 7760005 24	12,916 80,093 93,009
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	7690024 23 7740023 23	8,461 81,918 90,379
TOTAL CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER			560,398
State Administrative Expenses for Child Nutrition	10.560	7700001 23	1,645
TOTAL U.S. DEPT. OF AGRICULTURE			562,043
U.S. DEPT. OF EDUCATION Passed Through State Dept. of Education:			
Title I - Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	3100002 22 3100002 23	66,534 202,398 268,932
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	3710002 22 3710002 23	4,454 3,377 7,831
Rural Education	84.358	3140002 22 3140002 23	18,692 17,962 36,654
Supporting Effective Instruction - State Grant	84.367	3230002 22 3230002 23	5,562 26,525 32,087
			345,504

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule. (Continued next page)

# PAINTSVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the year ended June 30, 2024

(Continued)

FEDERAL GRANTOR/ PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/ PROGRAM OR CLUSTER TITLE	Federal Assistance Listing <u>Number</u>	Pass - Through Grantor's <u>Number</u>	Federal Expenditures
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	3420002 22 3420002 23	8,487 20,448 28,935
Education Stabilization Fund	84.425	4300002 21 4980002 21	581,871 6,551
			588,422
Elementary & Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund	84.425D	701J	10,000
American Rescue Plan - Elementary and Secondary Schools Emergency Relief Fund (ARP - ESSER)	84.425U	563J	32,809
SPECIAL EDUCATION CLUSTER (IDEA) Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	4910002 21 3810002 21 3810002 22	3,155 4,745 42,901
Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	3810002 23 3800002 21 3800002 22 4900002 21	130,366 181,167 1,232 8,666 3,017 12,915
TOTAL SPECIAL EDUCATION CLUSTER			194,082
TOTAL U.S. DEPT. OF EDUCATION			1,199,752
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES  Passed through Big Sandy Area Community Action Program, Inc.: Head Start  TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES	93.600	04CH011866 23 04CH011865 24	95,964 197,056 293,020
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			_\$ 2,054,815_

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

#### NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

For the year ended June 30, 2024

#### **NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the Paintsville Independent School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2024. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U. S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principals, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Paintsville Independent School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Paintsville Independent School District.

#### NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Paintsville Independent School District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

#### NOTE C - FOOD DISTRIBUTION

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair value of the commodities received and disbursed. At June 30, 2024 the District had no food commodities in inventory.

#### **NOTE D - TYPE A PROGRAMS**

The Paintsville Independent School District did not have any Type A programs for which total expenditures of federal awards exceeded \$750,000 for fiscal year 2024.

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### **SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS**

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued unmodified.

Material weakness(es) identified?

Internal control over financial reporting:

•	Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yes	X none reported
Nor	ncompliance material to financial statements noted?	_X_yes	no
Fed	leral Awards		
Inte	rnal control over major programs:		
•	Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yes yes	X no X none reported
Тур	e of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs unmodified.		
	audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance vith 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	yes	_X_no
lder	ntification of major programs:		

X no

no

ves

Name of Federal Program or Cluster

National School Lunch Program Food Donation (In-Kind Commodities)

School Breakfast Program

10.559 Summer Food Service Program for Children

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

X yes

#### SECTION II - FINDINGS-FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT

2024 - 001 Payroll Noncompliance (A Repeat Finding)

Federal Assistance Listing Number(s)

10.555

10.555

10.553

Condition: Central office did not track days worked for some staff members during the year.

Criteria: The District needs to keep up with all employees' days worked and sick time taken per the individuals contract.

Cause of Condition: Central office is too relaxed on keeping up with work days on a consistent basis.

Effect: Employees may not be working the number of days stated in their contract. Also, retirees could be receiving more in their sick leave buyout than what they are entitled.

Recommendation: The Superintendent needs to make sure a policy is in place mandating all employees are to clock or sign in or they will be considered absent with no exceptions. The employees' supervisor should review and sign off on documentation supporting the accuracy of the report. Then it is to be given to the payroll clerk for payroll and record keeping of the absences.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions: Our Chief Finance Officer has developed a corrective action plan for our payroll department to ensure all employees timesheets are collected. We purchases Frontline Solutions which will keep up with days worked and we have just received training on it and implemented it into our payroll process. This will be effective as of July 1, 2024.

#### SECTION III - FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

No matters were reported.

# SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS

June 30, 2024

All prior year comments were addressed by the District. No corrections were initiated or improvements made in the documentation that was recommended.

2023-001 Payroll Noncompliance

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Members of the Board of Education Paintsville Independent School District Paintsville, Kentucky

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits in the Independent Auditor's Contract, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Paintsville Independent School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Paintsville Independent School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 14, 2024.

# Report On Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Paintsville Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Paintsville Independent School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Paintsville Independent School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses, or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

# **Report On Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Paintsville Independent School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2024-001.

In addition, the results of our tests disclosed no instances of material noncompliance of specific state statues or regulation identified in *Appendix II of the Independent Auditor's Contract – State Audit Requirements*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of Paintsville Independent School District, in a separate letter dated October 14, 2024.

# Paintsville Independent School District's Response to Findings

Governmental Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the Paintsville Independent School District's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Paintsville Independent School District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

#### **Purpose of This Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Wells & Company, PSC

Certified Public Accountants Paintsville, Kentucky October 14, 2024

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Members of the Board of Education Paintsville Independent School District Paintsville, Kentucky

# Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

# Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Paintsville Independent School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Paintsville Independent School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024. Paintsville Independent School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Paintsville Independent School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

# Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Paintsville Independent School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Paintsville Independent School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Paintsville Independent School District's federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Paintsville Independent School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions,

misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Paintsville Independent School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and
  perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis,
  evidence regarding Paintsville Independent School District's compliance with the compliance
  requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the
  circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Paintsville Independent School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Paintsville Independent School District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Certified Public Accountants

Wells & Company, PSC

Paintsville, Kentucky October 14, 2024

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# MANAGEMENT LETTER COMMENTS

Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Paintsville Independent School District Paintsville, Kentucky

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Paintsville Independent School District (the "District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

However, during our audit, we became aware of matters that are opportunities for strengthening internal controls and operating efficiency. The memorandum that accompanies this letter summarizes our comments and suggestions regarding these matters. This letter does not affect our report dated October 14, 2024 on the financial statements of the District.

We will review the status of these comments during our next audit engagement. We have already discussed these comments and suggestions with various District personnel, and we will be pleased to discuss them in further detail at your convenience, to perform any additional study of these matters, or to assist you in implementing the recommendations.

Respectfully,

Certified Public Accountants

Wells & Company. PSC

Paintsville, Kentucky October 14, 2024

MANAGEMENT LETTER COMMENTS

June 30, 2024

# PRIOR YEAR COMMENTS

All prior year comments were addressed by the District. Corrections were initiated or improvements made in the documentation that was recommended.

MANAGEMENT LETTER COMMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2024

#### **CURRENT YEAR COMMENTS**

#### Activity Fund 24-1 Booster Clubs Did Not Submit Required Information

Condition: Found where the booster clubs at the high school did not submit required information to the principal.

Criteria: External booster organizations must submit the FEIN and the names of the officers, proof of liability insurance coverage, an annual External Support/Booster Budget worksheet (Form F-SA-4B), and its annual financial report to the principal by the due date listed in the Red Book.

Cause of Condition: Principal failed to make the booster clubs comply.

Effect: A liability to the district could result if someone associated with the booster clubs get hurt or causes some sort of damage.

Recommendation: The board needs to enforce the rules in the Red Book or disassociate with any booster clubs that fail to comply.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Action: Principals will be made to gather all required information from the booster clubs before the booster clubs are allowed to participate in any activities or school function effective immediately.

# Activity Fund 24-2 Money Is Not Being Turned In Timely For Deposits

Condition: Found at the high school and elementary school were some deposits had not been made timely for held events.

Criteria: All monies collected from events should be turned in the next school day after the event is held.

Cause of Condition: Lack of supervision and monitoring over deposits.

Effect: Money could be lost or stolen if not turned in timely.

Recommendation: Paintsville Independent School District needs to follow the rules of the Red Book and make deposits timely.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions: We will make sure all money is turned in for deposit in a timely manner effective immediately.